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AMMAN TUESDAY, APRIL 4, 1995, THU ALOYEDAH 4,1415

Lee ends private visit

AMMAN (Petra) — Taiwanese President Lee Teng-Hui and his wife Monday ended a two-day private visit to the Kingdom, during which Mr. Lee met with His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent. During the visit, Mr. Lee also visited several scientific institutions and met with officials there. On Monday, Mr. Lee visited touristic and archaeological sites in the city of Madaba and the Jordan Valley.

Egypt open to 'serious' talks with Israel

WASHINGTON (AFP) Egypt hopes to begin serious talks with Israel on reducing nuclear arms and other weapons of mass destruction in the Middle East, an adviser to visiting Egyptian President Hosni Muharak said hcre Monday. Osama Al Baz, a political adviser to the Egyptian head of state, said that while the two countries have discussed nuclear arms and weapons of mass destruction, "We'd like these talks to be more organised, more formal, and official." Cairo hopes to "enter into serious negotiations with our Israeli neighbours to agree on a certain formula," he said before Mr. Mnharak was to meet with U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher. But he added that bilateral talks alone would not prompt Egypt to sign an extension of the nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT) when it comes np for renewal at the United Nations next month (see page

Iraq plans to build one of biggest mosques

BAGHDAD (AFP) — Iraq plans to start work this month on huilding one of the world's to mark the 58th hirthday of President Saddam Hussein, the official press said Monday. The mosque, which will be constructed in the Middle of a lake fed by the waters of the Tigris, will be designed to hold 5,000 people with a further 70,000 on an esplanade surrounding the huilding. The newspapers, which did not specify the cost of the project, said work would start on two other mosques on the same day — April 28 — at Basra in the south and Mosul in the north.

Mass grave at Kabul univeristy

KABUL (AP) - A mass grave containing 10 hadly decomposed bodies was unearthed at the entrance to the medical faculty building of Kabul University, a military official said Monday. It was the second mass grave uncovered in recent days near the war-ravaged capital. The president's army found 22 bodies south of Kabul last week. All had been shot in the head. In the latest discovery, the 10 bodies were uncovered Sunday hy a newly formed security commission established to try to put an end to the rampant lawlessness in Kahul. General Zaheer Akbar said the bodies had been buried anywhere from one year to 18 months ago. It was not possible to identify the bodies or determine the cause of death due to the condition of the corp-

Afghan veteran opens fire at Czech airport

PRAGUE (R) - An Afghan war veteran shot and injured a policeman at Prague airport and hijacked a taxi before being caught in a big manhunt, police in the Czech Republic said on Monday. Police arrested Ukrainian Oleg Zakharov, a former Soviet army officer, in the early hours of Su 'av more than four hours after shooting incident, Commander Antonin Fedorek, who led a hunt by about 100 police helped by a helicopter and dogs, told a news conference.

Hamas vows 'revenge' for Gaza explosion

GAZA CITY (Agencies) — Shouting "revenge, re-venge," more than 10,000 supporters of Hamas poured into tr treets Monday after a deadiy hlast ripped apart an

apartment in Gaza. Hamas leaders hlamed Israel and Yasser Arafat's government for Sunday's explosion which killed eight people, including Kamal Kheil, a senior commander of Hamas' military wing.

Hamas, the leading opponent to the Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) self-rule accord, threatened to retaliate with fresh attacks in Israel.

"Thousands of people came today to tell Israel that the people have only one option, and that is the holy struggle until Palestine is liberated," Sheikh Ahmad Bahar of Hamas told the crowd during a memorial procession for those killed.

Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin said it was likely Hamas would try to stage new attacks to recover from the setback of the weekeod hlast. "It cannot be ruled out that in order to give a boost to their prestige, they will attempt attacks," Rabin said. In Gaza City's Sheikh Rad-

wan neighbourhood, site of the bomb factory, angry slogans were sprayed on walls Monday. "Our revenge will be cruel and bloody," read one. Rabin and the collaborators should not rejoice because Kheil has taught us how to make the Jews swim in their blood," read another

(see page 2).
Hundreds of mourners visited Kheil's home just a few metres from the site of the explosion.

Kheil's hrother, Jamal, bristled Monday at Palesti-nian police claims that Kheil died while preparing a bomh. "He wouldn't have done something that could kill women and children in a crowded area," said Jamal. But a Palestinian found a

large weapons cache in the gutted bomh factory, including six unexploded bombs, 150 grenades, a 10kilogrammes rocket, two pistols and an uzi submachine

Kheil, along with the other victims, was huried quietly Monday morning by Palestinian police who wanted to prevent a large Hamas pro-test against the Arafat gov-

But Hamas brought more than 10,000 supporters into the street Monday for a memorial procession for Kheil and the others. The marchers fell in line behind five empty wooden stretches that are normally used to carry bodies to the cemetery. Revenge, revenge," yel-

led some of the demonstrators. Others shouted, "We want to hear the Jews crying."
Hamas has killed scores of

Israelis in a series of suicide bombings in an attempt to saborage the agreement. Both Israel and the Palesti-

(Continued on page 7)

Syria: Peace talks might break down

DAMASCUS (A Syria said on Monday its peace talks with Israel, which resumed at the ambassadorial level in Washington last

month, were still faltering.
"The peace process which began over three years ago is now faltering and might collapse because Israel was, and still is, putting obstacles on the way of the process," Abdullah Al Ahmar, assistant secretary-general of the ruling Baath Party, said.

Speaking at the opening of an Arah centre for strategic studies in Damascus, Mr. Ahmar ruled ont any Syrian concessions especially on full withdrawal from the Golan Heights which Israel seized in

His remarks ran counter to the optimistic view of U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher who said on Monday he was somewhat enconraged by the resumed Syrian-Israeli talks.

Syria wants full withdrawal from the Golan and says any security arrangements which would follow a future peace treaty with Israel should be equal and balanced.

Israel says it will not reveal the extent of its pullback before Damascus agrees to establish full normal ties. It also wants a demilitarised zone separating the two countries be higger on the Syrian side on grounds that Syria's area is bigger than

Syria's ambassador to the United States Walid Al Muallem and his Israeli counterpart Itamar Rabinovieh resumed their talks in Washington on March 20.

Mr. Ahmar called for elimination of Israel's nuclear weapons, saying peace could not be established without eliminating nuclear arms and other weapons of mass destruction.

"Syria which contributed effectively in the launching of the peace process... will never abandon or accept hargaining on an mch of its land or any of its rights," Mr.

Ahmar said. "Peace could never prevail without Israel's full withdrawal from the Golan Heights and South Lebanon," he said. "Israel is working to achieve separate and partial deals which will don the Arab interests."

Defense Minister Mustafa Tlas meanwhile lashed out at Israel for its "oppressive practices and military escalation" in South Lebanon. General Tlas made the

accusation while inspecting some of the 40,000 troops Damascus has deployed in

The official Syrian Arah News Agency quoted him as telling the soldiers that Israel was stepping up its military action in South Lebanon to undermine Lehanon's positition in the Middle East peace process and "drag it into surrender.

"We in Syria want peace, but will not compromise on any of our rights," Gen. Tlas

Israel has occupied a border strip in South Lebanon since 197g. It refuses to withdraw from it until Syrian forces pull out of Lebanon. The so-called "security zone" comes under guerrilla attack

almost every day.

Gen. Tlas, a long-time close associate of President Hafez Al Assad, reiterated Syria's adherence to the peace process and its insistence on a "just and comprehensive settlement" in the

He accused Israel of "manoeuvring" to evade the re-

quirements of peace. He called on the Syrian troops in Lebanon to remain alert and prepare to counter any attempt to "penetrate our steadfastness.

Earlier, a political commentary on the state-run Damascus Radio accused Israel of trying to draw a new border on the Golan by its refusal to commit itself to a complete withdrawal.

That, the radio said, "means that Syria should give up part of its land to satisfy

"Through the peace talks, it seems that Israel wants to draw a new border line that would meet its expansionist aspirations," the radio declared.

"These conditions, put by Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin, are completely rejected by Syria in form and content," it emphasised.

Israel urging Hamas to join polls

ly trying to persuade the Palestinian Islamie movement Hamas to take part in self-rule elections, the general secretary of the governing Israeli Labour Party, Nissim Zvili, said on Monday. He also said he did not

believe Israel would reach a comprehensive peace agreement with Syria before the 1996 Israeh general election. Mr. Zvili spoke to reporters on a visit to France, against a background of Hamas accusations of Israeli responsibility, along with the Palestine Liberation Orga-

nisation (PLO), for an explosion that killed eight people, including two Hamas guerrilas, in the Gaza Strip (See enarate story). Mr. Zvili said he helieved

Israel would be prepared to evacuate some isolated Jewish settlements in the Gaza Strip, once Palestinian Anthority Chairman Yasser Arafat had taken steps to improve security and combat extremist violence.

He said the Israelis were holding unofficial contacts with political leaders of Hamas, which denounced the 1993 Israeli-PLO peace agreement and has continued to wage a campaign of violence against Israel, to encourage them to take part in forthcoming Palestinian elec-

"It is very important to enable Hamas' participation in these elections," he said. "Everyone understands that if Hamas is to be moderated somewhat, it must be drawn into the process."

Mr. Zvili said the political leaders of Hamas were not always responsible for or in agreement with the actions of the movement's military wing, the Izzeddin Al Qassem brigades.

"If the political leaders of Hamas think they can gain from the (electoral) process, this will be an incentive to isolate the armed branch," he

"That is why we are trying to persuade the Palestinians that the participation of Hamas is important,"

Mr. Zvili declined to give details of Israeli contacts with Hamas, or to say whether they involved the movement's imprisoned founder and spiritual leader, Sheikh Ahmad Yassin. But he said: "There are

contacts. Not official. We have always had contacts with Hamas people."

Israel initially said no organisation which opposed the Oslo Israeli-PLO accords should be permitted to take part in the self-rule elections. But Mr. Zvili said it would

be sufficient for Hamas to omit from its political platform the aim of the destruction of Israel and support for armed struggle. He drew a distinction between Hamas and the more radical Islamic Jihad movement.

The Labour official said Mr. Arafat, who sought an agreement with Hamas leaders but foundered on their refusal to restrain the movement's armed branch, was now telling Israeli leaders he believed Hamas would contest the Palestinian elections. On Syria, Mr. Zvili said

President Hafez Al Assad

must realise there are security risks that not even a ment and military. labour government was prepared to take for peace.



Palestinian policemen pick up remains of victims from the explosion in a three-storey building in the Sheikh Radwan neighbourhood of Gaza City Sunday (AFP photo)

Aziz urges U.N. to improve oil offer

BAGHDAD (AP) — Deputy Prime Minister Tareq Aziz on Monday urged the U.N. Security Council to improve an offer to allow Iraq to sell oil worth \$4 hillion, but reiterated that Baghdad rejects the proposal as it stands

If "substantive, positive amendments" were intro-duced into the U.S.-proposed draft resolution on the sale offer, Iraq would take another look at it, he said before leaving for New York to lohhy Security Council

members. He did not specify what those amendments should be. The official Iraqi News Agency quoted Mr. Aziz as saying: "We have rejected saying: "We have rejected the U.S. draft and will continue to reject it. There is no change in this stand."

Iraq's 250-member parliament unanimously rejected the U.N. proposal Saturday.

The proposal seeks to modify U.N. sanctions, im-posed in August 1990 after Iraq invaded Kuwait, to allow Baghdad to sell oil worth \$4 hillion to bny food and medicine for Iraq's 1g million people who are snf-

fering worsening hardship because of the embargo. Under the proposal, Bagh-dad could spend half the proceeds from the oil sales. But 30 per cent would go to Kuwait as war reparations

and 20 per cent to the United

Nations to pay for its operations in Iraq.
The proposal widens an earlier U.N. offer to Iraq for a one-time sale of oil worth \$1.6 billion. Baghdad rejected that, claiming U.N. conditions infringed on Iraq's

sovereignty.
Mr. Aziz said Monday that there have already been two U.N. resolutions on the 712, but he said they were

distorted." "They have colonialist objectives, seeking to control Iraq's oil wealth, divide Iraq and dominate its destiny. Therefore, we have firmly rejected these two resolutions and the latest U.S. draft resolution, which does not differ from the two abovementioned resolutions." he

If favourable amendments were made as Baghdad requests, Mr. Aziz stressed:



Tareg Aziz We'd look at the new draft and decide what position to adopt in light of the hasie

constants in our position. "These constants state that any arrangement of this kind must not obstruct or delay the full implementation of paragraph 22 (of Resolution 687) and must not include any interfering conditions that harm Iraq's sovereignty and national unity or constitute future shaekles." he

Under Resolution 687 which ended the 1991 Gulf

war, Iraqi exports would be permitted once the U.N. special commission charged with destroying Iraq's weapons of mass destruction testifies that Baghdad has met all the Security Council's demands. Meanwhile, an Iraqi lawyer met twice Monday with two American prisoners in the maximum security Ahu

> to prepare an appeal against their eight-year sentences, the lawyer's office said. Khaled Jarjees discussed the legal procedures with David Daliberti, 41, and William Barloon, 39, an associate at Mr. Jarjees's office said telephone, speaking

Ghraib prison near Baghdad

condition of anonymity. Mr. Jarjees first visited the men in the morning, then returned to the prison for further consultations five hours later after meeting Ira-

qi officials. The details of his discussions with the Americans was not divulged.

Mr. Jarjees has repre-sented all Westerners arrested for illegally entering Iraq since the 1991 Gulf war.

(Continued on page 7)

Turkey calls to quit Iraq

BONN (Agencies) — Tur-kish Foreign Minister Erdal Inonu, launching a diplomatie offensive to defend Turkey's military drive against Knrdish separatist bases in northern Iraq, Monday re-buffed a new German demand to end the operation. German Foreign Minister Klaus Kinkel said after the talks with his Turkish counterpart that "the Turkish army must withdraw rapidly, tomorrow if possible."

A Turkish commander meanwhile aeknowledged that Kurdish rebels were still able to stage attacks on his units in conthern Iraq two weeks after Turkey sent tens of thousands of troops across the border.

General Hasan Kundakci, the commander of the northcrn Iraqi operation, said some 100 Kurdish rebels attacked a Turkish military unit in Haftanin region Friday night and fought for four hours, the Istanbul daily Sabah reported Monday.

The attack could be a sign that the Turkish cross-border operation, which has been heavily criticised in the West. was not as effective as hoped for by the Turkish govern-

The rebels killed five soldiers in another surprise



A Turkey army convoy in northern Iraq on Sunday (AFP photo)

attack on an army unit in Darkarian village last Wednesday.

On March 20, some 35,000 Turkish soldiers poured across Turkey's southeastern border to penetrate some 45 kilometres inside northern Iraq to wipe out the rebel camps.

The fighting involves the section of northern Iraq controlled hy Iraqi Kurds who want independence from Baghdad. Patrolled by allied warplanes since the end of the Gulf war, the area is beyond the reach of Iraq's

military. The guerrillas belong to the Kurdish Labour Party (PKK), fighting for autonomy in southeastern Turkey since 1984.

Some 2,800 PKK rebels were believed to be based in more than 20 camps used for hit and run attacks.

Germany has been the harshest critic of the military incursion into Iraq and last week suspended weapons deliveries to Turkey, also put-ting on hold a \$107-million financial aid package for the construction in Germany of two frigates for the Turkish

The drive — which Turkey said on Sunday had so far killed 25 Kurds and 26 Turkish soldiers — has been criticised by other European government as well as Germany, notably hy France.

However, speaking Monday, Mr. Inonu defended the offensive.

"Our soldiers will pull out" only when Ankara considers that PKK guerrillas are no longer in a position to carry out attacks in Turkey from hases in northern Iraq, Mr.

Inonu said.

"PKK terrorism justifies our action in northern Iraq, he told a press conference after meeting Mr. Kinkel. Mr. fnonu flatly denied reports that Turkey was seeking to establish a permanent security zone in northern Iraq, as Israel has done north of its border in southern Lebanon to keep out hostile

infiltrators. In an interview with the Turkish daily Sabah on Monday, General Kundakci said the Turkish army has a plan to pull its troops out of north-

ern Iraq. "Our plan aimed at a troop pullout and preventing the terrorists (Kurdish rehels) from infiltrating into Turkish territory is ready," Gen.

Kundakci told the paper. (Continued on page 3)



GAZA CITY (Agencies) — Gaza residents spoke of their horror Sunday when a mas-sive explosion hlamed by police on militants ripped through an apartment block in the city centre, killing six people and injuring about 12

The continue of the control of the c

Hatem Abu Kaied said he rushed to the scene immediately after the blast. Still shaken, he said he heard "a colossal noise which

terrified everybody. There were "blown-up bodies and corpses, including a haby. It was terrible." Palestinian police deployed in strength at the site to contain the thousands of

see the remains of the threestorey building shattered by the blast. "I saw heads and organs

Gaza residents who went to

flung through the air hy the blast," said Jamal Al Assali, 25, a resident of the Sheikh Radwan district rocked by

the explosion. "But I didn't start shaking because after seven years of the intifada we are used to such scenes in Gaza.

"It is clear to all the neighbours living near the apartment block that the Hamas militants were making horrific devices.

Palestinian police chief Ghazi Jabali said three members of the Islamic Resistance Movement Hamas died when a big bomb they were handling exploded. A very young child was among the six victims, he

Mahmoud Zahar, a Hamas official in Gaza, said the explosion was "an attack care-

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MR. H. SCHEDEL

AND THE STAFF OF

PHILIP MORRIS

EXPRESS THEIR HEARTIEST

CONDOLENCES TO THE

FAMILY OF THE LATE

ENGINEER

RASHEED RASHAD

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AND PRAY GOD ALMIGHTY

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fully planned by Israel." Another Sheikh Radwan resident, Salem Shamaneh, said he was terrified hy the explosion and "didn't know

what to do." "I remained frozen, watching the police evacuate the

Palestinian police said the dead included Kamal Kheil, a leader of Izzedin Al Qassam, armed wing of the hardline Hamas, which is violently opposed to the Palestine Liheration Organisation (PLO)-Israeli autonomy

Mc. Kheil's relatives were still hoping be had survived the hlast. "We still don't know about his fate, but we praise God for everything,

even if be has died," said his brother Samir, 27. Israeli security services

have been hunting for Kheil for three years, accusing him of killing an Israeli officer in 1993 and several Palestinian

collaborators.

The Palestinian Authority also wanted to capture him for the killing of three Palestinians since self-rule was launched last May.

General Jabali said police found 25 kilogrammes of a toxic powder and small rockets in the ruins of the partially collapsed huilding.

They also found automatic weapons and hullet-proof vests and remains of 12 detonators and five explosive devices which they disman-

Hamas has claimed several major anti-Israeli attacks in past year, including a suicide bombing in Tel Aviv which killed 22 people on Oct. 19.

firmed Kheil had died in the bomh hlast and vowed re-

Abu Mohammad Mustafa, Hamas representative in Damascus, said the Palestinian police of PLO chief Yasser Arafat and Israeli forces were responsible for the inci-dent and that Hamas would avenge it.

"Brother Kamal Kheil and three other fighters of Izzedin Al Qassam were killed today in the Gaza building where they were hiding," Mr. Mustafa told Reuters.

The Arafat authority and the Zionists are responsible for the killing... the Qassam Bngades will respond quickly and painfully to the criminal bombing of the huilding," he

Mr. Mustafa said Mr. Kheil had been hunted by Israeli security forces and Palestinian police for a long time and that he and his colleagues went to the apartment to hide

on Saturday evening.
"Agents of Arafat and the Israeli secret service knew where the fighters were hiding and bombed the huilding to claim that bombs exploded while the fighters were preparing them," he said.

Mr. Mustafa said Hamas had never prepared bombs in populated areas in the past and that the weapons discovered at the huilding were personal weapons of the Hamas fighters.

Algeria claims success in fighting militants

ALGIERS (AFP) - Algerian Foreign Minister Mohammad Salah Dembri claimed Sunday that the Algerian army and security forces were winning their battle against the country's Islamic fundamentalist insurgency, the official Algerian press service APS reported Sunday.

"The terrorists have lost ground" after recent army offensives, Mr. Dembri told the Egyptian magazine October, adding that "the security situation is improving every day" and saying that presidential elections will be held later this year as planned, APS reported.

Army units launched a massive offensive against the armed Islamic groups two
weeks ago and Algerian newspapers have put the death toli
among fundamentalists at
2,800. There has been no official toll and no toll for those killed among the security forces.

The fighting in Algeria began in 1992 after the armybacked government cancelled the second round of elections the since-banned fundamentalist Islamic Salvation Front (FIS) looked like win-

ning. So far, it is thought to have cost 30,000 lives, according to U.S. State Department fi-

Speaking to the Egyptian magazine, Mr. Dembri said a presidential election will be beld "in the last third of the year." with the first task of a new president being "the constitution of a new govern-ment to arrange parliamen-tary elections, then local elections, which will guarantee Algeria elected institutions

for the next two years," Signalling no let-up in the regime's opposition to talks with the FIS, as urged by eight opposition parties ear-her this year, Mr. Dembri said:

"The country rejects talks with the banned FIS because of the conditions it imposes. However, dialogue remains open to all parties in Algeria in order to prepare for elec-

In the first of those talks, Algerian President Liamine Zeroual met Sunday with Abdul Hamid Mehri, the secretary-general of Algeria's formerly sole ruling party, the National Liberation Front (FLN).

Both the Socialist Forces Front (FFS) and the Islamic Renaissance Movement (Al Nahda), are to be received in the next few days. The Movement for Democracy in Algeria (MDA), has not yet responded to invitations Mr. Zeroual isued at the end of March to 11 parties and four organisations and union

The FFS national executive, which has boycotted talks between the government and opposition parties since Dec. 1993, said it would also join the April 8 talks with the intention of setting in motion a peace dynamic to give hope to the population.

In all, eight opposition parties in January signed a national contract at a meeting in Rome which the government denounced and boycot-

Meanwhile Anouar Haddam, head of the FIS parliamentary delegation abroad, said "the jihad" will continue until an Islamic state is founded," if Algerian authorities did not accept the Rome contract, to which the

FIS was a signatory. Mr. Haddam, speaking at a conference of Islamic fundamentalists in the Sudanese capital Khartoum, accused France of helping the Algerian army "politically and militarily."

UNESCO team shocked on visit to project near pyramids

CAIRO (AFP) - A team of UNESCO experts expressed shock on a visit to a controversial motorway project threatening the Giza pyramids near Cairo Sunday.

"I didn't think it would be this terrible," French Egyp-tologist Christiane Desroches-Noblecourt told

"I didn't think it was so large," said Laurent Levi-Strauss, a French member of UNESCO's World Heritage Committee, as he photographed the nearly com-pleted road just 2.5 kilometres south of the pyramids.

Work on the motorway, hadly needed to divert traffic out of the clogged Cairo city centre, is two-thirds compiete. But tombs and artifacts have been discovered just a few metres (yards) from the

building site.
"We have to get rid of this road," said Abdul Halim Nureddin, head of the Egyptian antiquities department,

who accompanied the team. The six-member team also included Sorbonne University Vice President Leon Pressouyre, German landscape architect Hans Werkmeister and two Egyptians — Salah Lamei, a specialist in Islamic heritage, and Hamed Mubar-

ak, a town planner.
Work on the new ring road encircling Cairo was sus-pended in November after the U.N. Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO) protested that it would cross part of the

pyramids site. The team drove along 5.5 kilometres of the road, parts of it huilt up on embankments six metres (20 feet) high. They stopped several times to examine the effects of the construction on the

They also visited tombs discovered nearbyThe team also examined other nearby construction sites iccluding a police accommodation project and

an army camp surrounded by

high walls. Before the visits, the team met Sunday with Mr. Nureddin, Culture Minister Faruq Hosni and Minister of State for New Communities Mohammad Ibrahim Sulei-

Mr. Suleiman, quoted by the official Egyptian news agency MENA, said a joint committee of experts from all concerned ministries would try to find solutions to protect the ancient sites but also to reap the benefits of the ring

Before ending its mission Thursday, the UNESCO team will hold talks with offirials from several ministries, the antiquities department. the Giza authorities, army representatives and officials from antinstitute for urban planning in the Paris region, which helped design the ring

A new route for the highway proposed by the government in December was immediately rejected by UN-ESCO as it would involve huilding a tunnel or moving the road two to four kilometres (about two miles) south of the existing route, which would still take it across the pyramids site.

NEWSIN BRIEF

Saleh meets Yemen-Saudi joint panel

SANAA (R) — Yemen's President Ali Abdullah Saleh on Monday met a joint Saudi-Yemeni military committee which is holding a second round of talks on a long-standing border dispute. The official SABA news agency quoted Mr. Saleh as telling the committee that Yemen was "keen to preserve brotherly and cooperation relations between our two countries... and keen... (to preserve) the security and peace in the region." The committee, set up under a memorandum Yemen and Saudi Arabia signed in February, is trying to resolve a 60-year-old border dispute. The memorandum provides for committees to demarcate land and sea borders and prevent troop movements in the potentially oil-rich border area.

U.N. confirms 350 deaths in Afghan landslide

ISLAMABAD (AFP) -- U.N. officials confirmed Monday that 350 people were killed in two landslides in northeast-ern Afghanistan last week. A U.N. mission which went to the sites in Badakshan province said 313 people died when a massive slide buried 106 houses in the village of Qalnqi Ziri Kotal in Daraim district on March 27, a statement from the world body said. A second landslide in the same district claimed 37 lives. The report said 442 people survived and so far 12 bodies bad been recovered. The mission delivered emergency medical supplies provided by the World Health Organisation on Sunday. It has now returned to the provincial capital, Faizabad.

Reporters held by PKK may be freed soon

ANKARA (AFP) — An AFP reporter taken hostage last Friday by Kurdish rebels along with a photographer for the Reuters news agency may be released soon, a rebel spokesman was quoted as saying Monday by the daily Milliyet newspaper. Ali Garzan, the European spokesman for the ERNK, the political arm of the Kurdish Labour Party (PKK), said he thinks the two journalists "may be released soon," but he did not give a specific date. He added that Kadri Gursel of AFP and Fatih Saribas of Reuters "are in good health and they are our guests." The pair, both Turkish nationals, were abducted by the rebels last Friday after spending several days in northern Iraq covering Ankara's two-week old offensive against rebe bases in northern Iraq. Mr. Garzan said they were seized for their own security in case of an attack by the Turkish

Vietnam, Bahrain to exchange ambassadors

HANOI (AP) - Vietnam and Bahrain will exchange ambassadors for the first time, an official report said Monday. The two countries agreed to set up emhassies in each other's capitals last Friday, the state-run Vietnam News reported. Vietnam has sought to huild stronger ties with non-communist countries since the collapse of the former Soviet Union. Vietnamese leaders are especially eager to make friends with countries such as Bahrain that have the money or technology Vietnam needs to help develop its backward economy. Crude oil is Vietnam's most valuable export, and Bahrain relies on sales of refined petroleum products for most of its foreign exchange

Sudan rebel group announces ceasefire

NAIROBI (AFP) — A splinter faction of southern Sudanese rebels announced a ceasefire Monday to match two-month truces declared by the government and the main rebel movement after mediation by U.S. former President Jimmy Carter. David de Chan, spokesman for the South Sudan Independence Movement (SSIM), said the two-month ceasefire was to take effect from midnight (2100 GMT) on Monday. Mr. De Chan said SSIM forces had repulsed a government attack on the town of Maiwut in Upper Nile province which he said had been mounted despite the government ceasefire declared on March 27. "The SSIM forces have been ordered to maintain the state

of maximum alert and to fight back only in legitimate self-defence," Mr. De Chan said. The mainstream Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA) led by John Garang announced last week that his group would also observe the two-month ceasefire.

Libya mediates in Sudan-Uganda row-

TUNIS (R) — Senior officials from Sndan and Uganda are meeting in Tripoli hoping that Libyan mediation will help them end a row between the two neighbouring countries. the official Libyan news agency JANA said on Monday. Colonel Ahu Bakr Jaber Younes, one of Muamman Qadhafi's aides, on Sunday night met separately with Sndan's first Vice-President Al Zubeir Mohammad Saleh and Uganda's Vice-Prime Minister Eriya Kategaya, JANA said. The meetings were held ahead of a Lihya-Sudan-Uganda meeting "in the framework of Lihya's efforts to solve the African problems with the mediation of Africans themselves far from foreign interferences," the agency added. The meeting is called by Libya "to discuss the amelioration of the relations between the two countries (Sudan and Uganda) and establish a dialogue between them with the aim of boosting these relations," it said.

Israeli construction chief found dead at home

MITZE RAMON (AFP) — Police on Monday found an Israeli construction company boss dead at his home in the southern region of Nageb and said be apparently died of natural causes. They had earlier feared the 60-year-old man could have been murdered by one of his Palestinian workers after he was found with blood on his face. But a medical report showed he died of an internal haemorrhage after a long illness. The construction chief mostly employed Palestinians and at times lodged them for the night in Mitze

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94:58	F
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CHURCHES

St. Mary of Nazarelb Church Assemblies of God Church, Tcl. St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Annunciation Tel. De la Salle Church Tcl. 661757 Terrasancta Church Tcl: 622366 Church of the Annunciation Tcl. Anglican Church Tel. 630851, Tel. 628543,

Armenian Orthodox Church Tel. 775261. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751. Amman 652526. an International Church Tel. Evangelical Lutheran Church Tel: 824328. German-speaking Evangelical Congregation Tel. 684195
The Church of Jesus Christ of
Latter-Day Saints Tel. 654932
Church of Nazarene Tcl. 675691.
The Evangelical Local Church in

Tel. 811295. WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Depart-mem of Meteorology.

Temperatures are expected to rise slightly with scattered showers expected in the different parts of northwesterly moderate. In Aqaba. portherly moderate, and seas calm.

TELEPHONE

NIGHT DUTY

. 682935
. 663254
. 884286
. 751672
. 661912
. 778336
637055
. 623672
. 636730
644945
. 637660
. 623672
. 847632

omani	248795
	omani

ny's high temperatures: 10, Aqaba 19, Humidity : Amman 74 per cent. il per cent.	ZARQA: Dr. Mufid Damra Khalifeh pharmacy
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EMERGENCIES

Food Control Centre 637111 Givil Defence Department 661111 AMMAN: Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Civil Defence Immediate Rescue — 630341
Civil Defence Emergency — 199
Rescue Police 192, 621111, 63777
Fire Brigade — 617101

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

Public Security Department 630321 Water and Sewerage Amman Municipality Telephone Information (directory assistance)

Water Authority 680100 Jordan Electricity Authority 815615

HOSPITALS

Hussein Medical Centre Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn 644281/6 Akileh Maternity, J. Amn. 642441/2 Jabal Amman Maternity 642362 Shmeisani Hospital ... University Hospital ... Al-Muasher Hospital . 667227/9 The I stamic, Abdali 666127/37

ZARQA: Zarqa Govil Hospital (09)983323 Zarga National Hospital Ibn Sina Hospital (09)986732 Princes Bassas Hospital (02)275555 Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Ibn Al Nafees Hospital (02)247100

AQABA: Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111

FOR THE TRAVELLER

QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL **AIRPORT**

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia In-ternational Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be veri-

ARRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

4:00	Jakarta, Kuala Lumpur ((RJ
7:30	Damascus	(RJ
9:15	Agaba i	ľRJ
9.55	Abu Dhabi	(RJ
7:55	Muscal, Dubai ((RJ
	Doba, aahrain (
6:35	London	(RJ
6:58		(RJ
7:30	Chicago, Amsterdam	(RJ
9:00	Frankfurt	(RJ

Other Flights (Terminal 2)

	VICTURE I LASI
13:20	
14:85	dunich (VP)
20-00	Adam (DV)
20:20 20:28	Point (ME)
22.20	DCITU (ME)
23:20 Amst	terdam (KL)
23:55 Buc	harest (RO)
	,
DEPARTURES	

Royal Jordanian (RJ) (Terminal 1)

V/WV Adaba	(RJ)
08:15 Amsterdam, New York	(RJ
11:00 Montreal, Toronto	(RJ)
11:35 Vienna, Madrid	(RJ)
12:60 Geneva, Brussels	ÌΝ
12:00 Paris. Frankfutt	RJ
12:40 London	(RJ
t2:45 Cairo	(RJ
20:05 Larnaca	RI
20:30 Jeddah (ľRΙΫ
21:25 Abu Dhabi, Dubai	R
22:10	(20)
V-t O	

Kusla Lumpur, Singapore (RI) 23:00 Hal Yai (RI) Other Flights (Terminal 2)

... Damascus, Paris (AF) 14:20

HIJAZ RAILWAY TRAIN

Dep. Amman 8:00 every Monday 5:00 p.m. every Monday 7:30 a.m. every Sunday 5:00 p.m. every Sunday MARKET PRICES

Upper/lower price in fils per kg-

Cucumbers (large) Cucumbers (small) 130 / 7 Green beans Pepper (hot) Pepper (sweet) . Potato

Irip on a

58 8 g

300/ 200 189/ 100 350 / 250

King Hussein's talks with

U.S. administration officials, was also expected

in Tel Aviv around the

same time Mr. Shamir ar-

rives here, according to the

An Israeli spokesman

said the Israeli embassy,

which is operating out of

the Frote Grand Hotel in

Amman, has not been able

to locate suitable premises

to set up a permanent pre-sence in Jordan.

The Jordanian embassy is

located in the Dan Hotel in

Tel Aviv. It was not im-

mediately known whether the mission had found suit-

tween the two countries,

The deadline for the six-

month group is May 10, and

for the nine-month group is

Among the key accords

expected to he signed by

May 10 are agreements on

Meanwhile, Israeli

amhassador-designate to

Jordan Shimon Shamir is

due to arrive here on Thurs-

day to assume office and is

expected to formally pre-

sent his credentials around

April 10, officials sources

Jordan's ambassador-

designate to Israel, Marwan

Muasher, who was in

Washington last week to

trade and transport.

Aug. 10.

were signed on Feb. 10.



An analybe heato follow lead of Jordan's role models

AMMAN (Petra) - Her Royal Highness Princess Bas-- ma urged Jordanian women to take a more active role in women leaders in the country and their positive cootributions in all fields and at all

In an opening speech at the first women studeots encounter organised by the Students Committee of the students of the university of Jordan, Princess Basma cited women leaders in the country incentive to women students to follow in their steps.

"I feel so proud and happy of the positive outcome that women achieved through their participatioo in municipal committes. This is a considerable and important contribution to women's role

Princess Basma pointed to several examples of women cially in Parliament and in the goveroment. She said womeo's achievements and their assumption of decisionmaking posts should be an incentive to other women to

She also stressed the need to highlight the youngsters' needs and opinions since they are considered a hasic pillar of the progress and development of any country.

A special forum for Arah youth was held in October last year aimed at getting acquaioted with the youngs ters' opinions in the report prepared for the coming World Conference on Women io Beijiog this

Marwan Kamal, President of Yarmouk University, said there was a special interest in raising students' awareness of women's participation in the

He said a special club would be established for this purpose where women stuoutside the univeristy cam-

aspirations.

activists are taking part in this event, notably Deputy of the Lower House of Parliament

a teacher, for Jordan and not

Mr. Rawabdeh also tack-

the victim, who was well-

off and lived with his fami-

ly, might have killed him-

self because he had cancer.

any of the allegations and

said they were investigating

In the meantime, police

in Amman appreheoded

suspects in two separate

murder cases that occurred

"At this time we cannot

comment on any of the

cases until our investiga-

tions are over," an official told the Jordan Times.

a 29-year-old man who was

shot and killed on the Yajouz

According to police, the

victim, Mohammad

Ghanem, who was studying

Highway on March 29.

One of the cases involved

last week, Officials said.

the incident.

Police refused to confirm

Police investigate fatal shooting of 88-year-old man at the University of Ap-

Jordanian, Israeli tourism ministers

to sign agreement today in Deir Alla

Jordanian side to a joint

committee with Israel

charged with following up the implementation of the

treaty, said last month that

the negotiations were pro-

ceeding well and expressed

confidence that the accords

with be signed as sche-

The treaty calls for three,

types of accords; the first to

be signed in three months

after the ratification of the

treaty - which took place

on Dec. 10 - the second in

six months, and the third in

Those in the three-month group, including the tour-

ism accord, another on bor-

ders and security and yet

another on crossings be-

no political administrative decision — minister

nine months.

Democratising educational process requires

duled.

signed by the two countries.

close cooperation between

Jordan and Israel in

tourism-related affairs in

terms of procedures and

facilities as well as joint

marketing of tour packages

An agreement between

Royal Jordanian and El Al

to allow American tourists

to fly either to Jordan or

Israel and leave from the

other after spending a spe-

cified period of time com-

pliments the tourism

The peace treaty calls for

more than 24 accords, some

of which have already been

Hani Mulki, head of the

to both countries.

accord.

The agreement calls for

By a Jordan Times

Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The ministers

of tourism of Jordan and

Israel, Abdul Ilah Khatih

and Uri Baram, are sche-

duled to sign an agreement

on tourism on Tuesday in

The agreement was in-

itialled by Ministry of Tour-

ism Under-Secretary Ghas-

san Mifleh and his Israeli

counterpart during a cere-

mony in the northern Ba-

qoura area on Feb. 10, the

same day Israel completed

its withdrawal from Jorda-

nian territories as called for

in the Oct. 26 peace treaty

AMMAN (Petra) — Deputy Prime Minister and Minister

of Education Abdul Raouf

Rawabdeh stressed the im-

portance of democratising

the educational process in the

country, but said there would

not be any political or admi-

nistrative decision to do so.

tionalists from Amman sub-

urbs held at the Marj Al

Hamam Secondary School for Boys, Mr. Rawabdeh said

that education should he

democratised, hut that an

administrative or political de-

cision would he unnecessary

since democracy is a way of

in the street.

In a meeting with educa-

Deir Alla.

plied Sciences, was sitting talkiog with his fiancée near the University of Jordan when he was approached hy three peo-

Police said that the three suspects started harassing the victim and his fiancée, then forced the into the victim's car.

The suspects forced the victim to drive until one of them told him to exit off the main street, the authorities said. When the victim refused, one of the suspects drew a gun and shot Mr. Ghanem twice in the head, the police said. Then all three suspects fled the

"All we can say at this time is that we have lished Monday in the Ara-bic daily Al Ra'i regarding the murder was inaccurate. "We regret what Al Ra'i published about the mur-

der because the information was not correct," the official told the Jordan Times Monday.

Moreover, the official said that police were questioning two suspects in conocction with the double murder of a 28-year-old woman and her six-monthold child in Al Shmeisani area on March 18.

According to police, the woman, identified only as M.M.H., and her son, S.M.F., were discovered in

had run away from her

an apartment on March 22

stabbed to death.

Prelimioary investiga-tions hy police indicated that the woman, who was married to a man in Irbid, home in 1992, and was reported missing hy her hus-

According to the authorities, further investigations indicated that the woman had had an affair with a man who investigations revealed had reoted her the apartmeot where her body and that of her child were

According to the official, the authorities will reveal the details of both cases "when the investigations

follow suit.

society.

several activities within and

Amal Freij, president of the women's committee at the university's students unioo, delivered a speech oo the occasion, in which she expressed hope that the meeting's objectives would be achieved. She also called coordinating efforts among students to achieve their

Several seminars will be held at the two-day encounter that will tackle several issues: womeo's role in changing the current situation, onions and their role in the society, and women's participation io the workplace.

Other working papers on women students cootributions and coordinating efforts among students will also be

Several women leaders and

are a hasic right of Jordanian, Mr. Rawabdeh said, schools should not be considered a place for political activities.
"We want the teacher to be

for a party, a sect or a group," he said.

led the issue of pensioned

By Rana Husseini

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Tafileh police

are investigating the death of an 88-year-old man who

was found shot Sunday in

the Quteifat suburb, police

and Civil Defence Depart-ment (CDD) reports said.

Suleiman Mohammad

died a few minotes after

being shot in the head, officials said.

One source told the Jor-

dan Times that the victim

committed suicide because

"In addition to being

mentally ill, Suleiman (the

victim) was living alone,

and he was sick of life and

decided to kill himself."

Another source said that

"he was mentally ill."

apprehended some sus-

pects and we are question-

ing them," the official said,

adding that an article pub-

stages will be finalised next

all school textbooks for all ment for Amman suburbs comprises 176 governmental schools and includes 2,500

Abequa pleads not guilty to murder, kidnapping By Rana Husseini J. Milown out of the Kingdom penalty, travelled to the

Special to the Jordan Times AMMAN — Mohammad

kidnapping his two children, Monday pleaded not guilty to both charges. Mr. Abequa, 46, who earlier confessed to strang-

troom of journalists and In his confession to the Abequa, a naturalised U.S. citizen, said he fled the Unwith their maternal aunt, Nesima Dokur, who had arrived in Jordan from the U.S. to claim the children

If Mr. Abequa is consentences in recent years.

the presiding judge read out Mr. Abequa's indictment in the murder of his wife and the kidnapping of his chil-

prosecutor general in the U.S. in a Jordanian court of

State Prosecutor Khalid

United States in March and gathered evidence with the help of New Jersey prosecutors to he used against Mr. Abequa in his trial. "There is no article in the

law that supt lates that a prosecutor can travel outside the Kingdom and conduct an investigation. The law says investigations must be conducted in Jordan," Mr. Khalifeh told the Jordan Times following the end of the first session.

Jordan had turned down an U.S. request to hand over Mr. Abequa to be tried in the United States because an extradition treaty did not exist between the two countries.

Although an extraditioo treaty was signed last week between the two countries, Jordanian officials said that Mr. Abequa will be tried in

The court said that the next session will be held on Thursday, and the prosecutioo will respond to the

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

SECOND ARAB DRAMA FESTIVAL

Two plays entitled "The Theatre of Sivastople" and "How We Walk" respectively at 7:00 p.m. and 8:30 p.m. at the Royal Cultural Centre.

ABC News Highlights and McNeil-Lehrer News Hour at the American Center at 5:00 p.m.

EXHIBITIONS

★ Exhibition of Egyptian products at Amman International Exhibition, Marj Al Hamam (Tel. 688141).

★ Exhibition of copper sculptures by Iraqi artist Mohammad Hussein Judi at the Phoenix Gallery for Culture and

★ Exhibition of art by Lee Rialp at Institute Cervantes (the

Spanish Cultural Centre). ★ Exhibition of prize-winning paintings by Czech students at the Royal Cultural Centre. Also showing another

exhibition entitled "Dialogue Between the Nature and the Artist" hy landscape painter Ahmad Mounih. ☆ Exhibition of oil paintings by Hamoud Chantout at the

Balga' Art Gallery, Fuheis. ☆ Exhibition of art by Rula Shukairy at the French

Businessmen call for effective French role at economic summit

PARIS (Petra) — Jordanian husinessmen Monday called for an effective French role in the Amman economic summit which will take place in

In a speech delivered at the opening ceremony of the second meeting of the French-Jordanian Businessmen's Council, Hamdi Tahaa, president of the Jordanian Businessmen's Association (JBA), expressed hones that the French government and the private sector in France would play a major and effective role in the Amman summit.

Arab-French joint projects might he of great interest to hoth countries especially after the signing of the Jordanian-Israeli treaty, he said. The region is expected to enjoy stability after long decades of troubles and conflicts if the other party was committed to its obligation vis-a-vis a just and durable peace for all countries in the Middle East.

"We fully support our government's quest for peace, but it is clear that Israel is not exerting any effort to implement the peace treaty," he

Vice President of the Jordanian Businessmen's

Association Fakhri Bilbeisi, them exceeded \$600 million annually, also before the tackled the Arab-French economic exchange in light of the countries' relations with Iraq. In a working paper enti-tled the relationship between Iraq and Jordan, Mr. Bilbeisi

profithle partner for Jordan France and Iraq has reached \$7 hillion, a year before the embargo was imposed. Mr. Bilheisi said. Iraq, he added, had been the main commercial partner of Jurdan, and the hulk of trade between

said Iraq had long been a

The hulk of trade between

emhargo was imposed. Mr. Bilbeisi called for lifting the embargo on Iraq, which he said, constitutes one of the forms of total destruc-

"The special and promising role that Iraq plays in the market necessitates the coordination of efforts of both countries to initiate joint pro-

jects," he said. The Jordanian delegation arrived in the French capital last Saturday after a four-day visit to Denmark.

For the first time in Jordan For the first time in Eastern Amman

UNLEADED PETROL

is now available in

MOHAMMAD ELIAS STATION

Al-Wehdat - Opposite Al-Badiah Police Station

Her Royal Highness Princess Basma Mon- counter at Yarmouk University (Petra day addresses a women's students en- photo) Princess Basma urges women students

Yarmouk Uoiversity Students Union and attended by 1 to exchange and nomerous examples of and hoped they would be an

in political life," she said.

leaders in the country espe-

Ismail Abequa, a Jordanian-American accused of premeditated murin the United States and in Sudan-Uga ::

ling his wife, Nihal, on July 4, in her Parsippany Troy-Hills, New Jersey home in a dispute over the custody of 2 km () = 1 () (4.7) their two children Lisa, 6, and Sami 3, told a threejudge panel and a full cour-

30.1

Service Add

innocent of all charges. Jordanian authorities, Mr. ited States with the children after committing the crime and stayed at his mother's on chief four casti home in Sweileh before being arrested on July 20.

The children were later

Turkey rejects

Continued from page 1)

lution to the Kurdish ques-

in based on cultural auton-

ly for the large Kordish

nority while preserving rkey's territorial integrity.

Furkish troops are using

nicles similar to those used

N. guards at risk of attack

Kurdish rebels, a U.N.

The Turkish army uses

te vehicles with hlack let-

painted on both sides,

I in Dohuk near the Tur-

his could provoke PKK

els into attacking U.N.

.N. guards who ques-

ed the Turkish army ab-

its vehicles were told that

ps only used them in

wy areas for camouflage.

But we found them in

rent areas east of Zakho

re there isn't any snow."

the official said.

the United Nations in

alls to quit

raq

inkel said he had asked Mr.

MARKET Printern Iraq and leaving

icial charged.

t border.

after His Majesty King Hussein intervened in the victed he could face the death penalty. But Jordan has commuted most death

The opening session of

one of the most controversial trials to take place in Jordan lasted only 20 mi-Abdul Rahman Tawfiq,

Mr. Ahequa's defence attorney Masoud Khalifeh cootested the validity of evidence collected by the

Darwish, who urged the court for the maximum defence's argument. Tripartite panel to meet

on Aqaba gulf projects By Caroline Faraj

Special to the Jordan Times AMMAN — The first meeting of the tripartite Jordanian-American-Israeli joint committee on marine sciences will be held today in

Director General of the Jordanian Ports Corporation Dureid Mahasneh, who will head the Jordanian side at the meeting, said the committee will discuss over the three days environmental projects to be carried out in the Gulf of Aqaba and the use of modern technology in developing the area economi-

Dr. Mahasneh said the sciilar to ours," a senior cial of the U.N. guards entific committee will also study the prospect of starting fish farm projects in the port area, protecting the environment and managing coastal

> The meeting, which is organised in cooperation with the United States Agency for International Development (USAID), is part of the Arah-Israeli multilateral talks in terms of scientific efforts to prepare feasibility

projects, said Dr. Mahasneh. He noted that many project offers are being proposed to protect the eovironment. particularly io the Aqaba

He said there is a program-me which was launched to conduct the needed studies for combatting oil pollution io the Aqaba gulf through financial support by Japan amounting to \$8 million, noting that the Gulf area was receiving international attention because it is shared by four countries: Jordan, Egypt, Saudi Arabia and

Dr. Mahasneh said in view of offers received and studies being conducted at the bilateral and multilateral levels, it seems that the Agaba gulf will be a touristic and business attraction area, particularly if a free zone in the city of Aqaba were estab-

He continued that this will have a great impact on boosting activities in the port area and will serve the development process in the Jordan



Japan cult claims rivals framed it over gas attacks

tigation over the nerve gas attacks io Tokyo's subways "someone" in question was which killed 11 people the Soka Gakkai, a Buddhist claimed Monday a rival Buddhist group carried them out to try and frame it.

The Aum Shinri Kyo (Supreme Truth) sect made the allegation as it stepped up a publicity campaign aimed at clearing its name over the March 20 attacks in which about 5,000 people were also

The accused group de-scribed the claim as ludic-

Police have uncovered more than 100 tonnes of 40 different chemicals at the Aum Shinri Kyo sect's facilities, including all the constituents of sarin, the gas unleashed on the trains.

The sect's chief spokesman Fumihiro Joyu said the accusations against it were "a great plot by someone going

tian the o this is the o this is the o this is the o this is the other transfer of the o

TOKYO (R) — The to attack or oppress and wipe Japanese cult under inves- out our organisation."

He made it clear that the group with several million members that backs the Komeito political party.

This rebgioius organisation is part of Japanese politics and has its own political party," he said.

Mr. Joyu alleged that as well as the gas attacks, the Buddhist group was responsi-ble for a series of unsolved incidents to which Aum has been linked, including last week's attempted assassination of Japan's national police chief by a masked gun-

Soka Gakkai immediately released a statement denying the allegations.

'Aum Shinri Kyo originalhlamed the U.S. military and then attributed the incidents to the Japanese national authorities. Their attempt now to implicate the Soka Gakkai is inconsistent and ludicrous," it said.

Home Affairs Minister Hiromn Nonaka told parliament the allegations against the Soka Gakkai were base-

Mr. Joyu was speaking in fluent English at the Foreign Correspondents Club of Japan in the latest of a series public appearances in which he has insisted on the cult's innocence.

Wearing trademark turquoise pyjamas, he has be-come a familiar face on television and is said to be the deputy of bearded leader Shoko Asahara, who is ill and has remained in hiding since the gas attacks. But his statements have

been made against a hackground of almost daily finds more hidden stocks of dangerons chemicals and sophisticated equipment at the sect's facilities at the foot Tokyo.

Joyn said all the cult's activities were aimed at preserving Mr. Asahara's teachings, and the chemicals uocovered were aimed at making the cult self-sufficient so it could survive the armageddon it thinks is coming around 1997. He also alluded to the bard

task police are having in nailing the cult for the attacks. After nearly two weeks of raids they have yet to charge anyone for the gassing.

"Those kinds of things they found in our organisation are used for industrial purposes. They have to prove that we were using them to make nerve gas and they have to prove we have a motive," Mr. Joyu said.

We have no motivation to kill people indiscriminately on the Tokyo snoway or to kidnap people. We are Buddhists who lave peace."

Romanian army soldiers remove debris of the last Friday during investigation works at Brussels-bound Tarom Airbus that crashed

Romanian plane diverted in bomb threat

BUCHAREST (R) - A Tarom BAC 1-11 aircraft Romanian Tarom Airlines plane bound for Paris was forced to land at Timisoara in the west of the country Monday following a bomb threat three days after a Tarom Airhus crashed in mysterious circumstances.

At the same time air accident investigators probing Friday's crash of the Airhus A310 just after takeoff from. Bucharest's Otopeni Airport, killing all 60 aboard, said they were looking at the theory there might have been an explosion on board.

The director of the Bucharest Morgue Vladimir Belis said it was his personal belief the victims may have died from an explosion in the air hut acknowledged he had

no firm evidence.
"My personal belief is that the victims have died due to an explosion in the air," he told a news conference. He said that he hased this view on his experience, charring on the bodies, and what he had read in Romanian news-

Aviation sources in Timi-soara told Reuters Monday's was the subject of a bomb threat on March 15, but no

Korea began massive military

training exercises Monday

amid escalating worries over the fate of a deal to freeze

rival North Korea's nuclear

programme, suspected of de-

bound for Paris was forced to divert to the city after its pilot was told a bomb was on board. The aircraft landed safely, and its passengers and crew were evacuated.

The French embassy in Bucharest said earlier an anonymous telephone caller had claimed responsibility for Friday's crash by planting a homh on board.

A Romanian member of the investigating team told Reuters the bomb theory was being looked at closely: "We have several reasons which suggest that there could have heen an explosion on board the plane before it crashed, hut nothing can be said for certain for the time being."

The source, who declined to be named, said he was unable to elaborate on his suspicions at this stage.

One eyewitness has said he saw an explosion on board the aircraft before it crashed and exploded in a snow storm three minutes after take-off. The same flight to Brussels device was found. French press attache

Joseph Casals earlier told Reuters: "The French embassy received a phone call late Saturday from a man who spoke unaccented French and who claimed that he had placed a bomh on the Tarom flight to Brussels."

He said the call was taken seriously enough to relay it to Romanian authorities. Romanian police had no immediate comment.
Mr. Casals said the caller

oid not say why he might have placed a bomh aboard the flight. "He did not give a reason for that. He did not claim the act on hehalf of a

Thirty-two Belgians wee among those killed on the Brussels hound flight and the Belgian ambassador to Bucharest said earlier he was sure the crash was an acci-

dent, not a "malicious act."
Tarom has however emphatically ruled out pilot error as the cause of the airline's worst ever crash, saving it was looking at every other possibility, including a bomh or sabotage,

women wed each other PHNOM PENH (AFP) - A

Cambodian

traditional wedding ceremony in Cambodia's Kandal province bas became the country's most talked about event in decades - because hoth newlyweds were women, a report said Monday. Khav Sokha, 35, and Pum Eth. 31, tied the knot in mid-March in what was otherwise a conventional wedding. Khav Sokha — a former motor-taxi driver turned medicine woman — is verymuch the husband in the partnership, the English lan-guage bi-weekly Phnom Penh Post reported. She dresses and speaks like a man is 2 treated as such by Pum Eth.: who calls her "my husband," the paper said. "I love my husband very much. I am confident that I can delight him forever," said Pum Eth, who turned down offers from two men the same day on which Khav Sokha proposed to her. The local authorities, however, were initially reluctant to give their hlessing to the betrothal. "The authorities thought it was strange." Khav Sokha said. "But they agreed to tolerate it because I have three children (from a ... previons marriage)," she said, adding they would not have been allowed a childless marriage. The whirlwind romance started in December when a sick Pum Eth came to Khay Sokha for treatment. "After curing her, I started loving her," Khav Sokba said, adding that she proposed in January. Pum Eth accepted readily. "I had been sick for many years. He cured me and I love him," she said. 'I don't like men. My brother-in-law used to treat my sister hadly, so I was determined not to marry a man," she added.

Diana's brother berates press over wife

LONDON (R) — Princess Diana's brother Lord Spencer berated British newspapers, calling them "sick" and "evil" for their reporting of his wife's alleged eating disorder. He confirmed that his wife, the 29year-old Countess Spencer, \$ was being treated at an exclusive clinic in Surrey, southern England, for "psychological problems." Newspapers said she was suffering from bulimia, a slimming disease in which victims force themselves to vomit after eating. Princess Diana berself has been quoted as saying she once suffered from bulimia. Lord Spencer said he planned to protest formally to the Press Complaints Commission about the tactics of journalists who had "constantly harassed" his wife Victoria, a former model. he accused them of using false identities to pester patients at the clinic. "If ever proof was needed that sections of the tabloid newspaper husiness in this country are riddled with hypocrisy and evil then it was provided today," he said in a statement to Britain's Press Association news agency. -: "To use someone's medical ... iliness to fill your newspaper has to be ultimate proof that sick minds dominate this part of the British media." The commission, consisting mostly of members nominated by

Witnesses 'exaggerate' under hypnosis

newspapers, has no legal

LONDON (R) — Witnesses hypnotised so they can testify to police may exaggerate if they think their testimony cannot be checked, British psychologists said Sunday. Mark Kehbell and Graham Wagstaff of the University of Liverpool said tests on 196 subjects showed hypnosis may be an unreliable way of improving witnesses' memory. According to earlier studies, hypnosis could improve recall by up to 60 per cent. But Keobell and Wagstaff said this may be because witnesses in real life were often certain that their testimony could not be verified. "Five experiments were cooducted. looking at the effects of a variety of motivating instructions, including bypnosis, and the verifiability of answers. on eyewitness reports," they told a conference of the British Psyschological Society. "The experiments compared the number of faces which subjects estimated they could identify in a recognition task. It was predicted that subjects whose answers could not be verified would estimate that they could recognise more faces than subjects whose answers could be verified."

Marie Marie

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A. Target

Hillary Clinton: I earn my own bread

MOSHIHATI VILLAGE, Bangladesh (AFP) — U.S. first lady Hillary Clinton called on Bangladeshi village women blonday to keep earning even after they marry, while hinting she may soon have to go back to work

'l earn my own bread," Mrs, Clinton told one woman in this remote village in westem Bangladesh, adding that all women should do the

"It is very important that women should earn even after their marriage and I started to work when I was I3 years old," she told a group at a centre for women's development run by the Grameen Bank, an institution supported by the American first family.

"I sometimes even earned more than my husband," she added. Mrs. Clinton, who is on a five-nation Asian swing accompanied by daughter Chelsea, said she was not working at present but that she might have to go back to

work soon. Her audience did not ask the first lady whether this meant she didn't expect her husband Bill Clinton to serve a second term as U.S. presi-

Muslim fundamentalist groups have asked the government to han nongovernmental organisations (NGOs) like the Grameen Bank which they claim are 'anti-Islamic.'

The hank provides casy loans for poultry farms, vegetable gardens, handicraft and other sources of earning. Asked by another woman whether she would like

hank chief Muhammad Yunus as a smiling Chelsea looked on. "I have this daughter and I am very happy with her."

another child, her reply was

translated into Bengali hy

On Sunday, Mrs. Clinton met the man for whom she is named - mountaineer Sir

Edmund Hillary, the con-

queror of Mount Everest. The wife of the U.S. president was greeted by Sir Edinund, 75, at Kathmandu's Tribhuvan International Airport when she arrived to take a plane out of Nepal after a three-day stay.

Mrs. Clinton told reporters in Nepal that her mother, Dorothy Rodham, read an article about Sir Edmund while she was pregnant and that explained the unusual spelling of her name.

'She read an article in 1947 and that was before he climbed Everest. So when I was born, she called me Hillary and sbe always told me it was because of Sir Edmund Hillary," she said.

Sir Edmund said it was "sheer coincidence" that their paths had happened to cross. The soft-spoken adventurer runs a foundation that builds schools and clinics in the Himalayas and he bad come to Nepal on a visit.

The New Zealander, who climbed the world's highest peak in 1953, saying he had done so "heeause it was there," noted that Mrs. Clinton's fame now exceeded his

"In America before, if anybody recognised the name Hillary it was always me, and now they say, 'oh, you must be a lady,' he said.

Filipina maid tortured in Yeltsin Singapore — daughter

MANILA (AP) — The daughter of a Filipino maid hanged in Singapore for a double murder said Monday her mother claimed she was tortured and drugged into admitting the crime.
Russel Contemplation said

she and her three brothers spoke with their mother. Flor Contemplacion, almost daily for more than two weeks before she was hanged on Mrs. Contemplacion was

sentenced to death for the 1991 killing of another Filipino maid, Delia Maga, and Mrs. Maga's 4-year-old Singaporean ward, Nicholas Huang. "During our conversations, she repeatedly said she did not kill Delia Maga and

Nicholas Huang," Miss Contemplacion told a presidential commission investigating the Singapore rejected appeals for a postponement of the execution, including several

pleas for clemency from President Fidel Ramos. The hanging has severely strained relations between the two countries. Mr. Ramos has threatened to sever diplomatic ties if the commission finds that Mrs. Con-

templacion was unjustly

Last Thursday, a government medical examiner expressed doubts that Mrs. Contemplacion could have committed the crime. Dr. Maximo Reyes said an autopsy of Mrs. Maga's remains showed extensive injuries on

EDINBURGH (R) - Bri-

tain's ruling Conservatives

could suffer an almost total

wineout in elections in Scot-

land this week for new local

authorities, political analysts

Polisters predicted that the

Conservatives would win

control of only one of the 29

new councils which will take

over local government re-

sponsibilities in Scotland on

May 1996. The Labour Party would

get at least 17, the Scottish

Nationalists three, indepen-

deats four and there would

be no overall control in the

The forecasts reinforced a

series of national opinion

polls which have consistently

shown Prime Minister John

Major's Conservatives trail-

ing the opposition Labour

Party by around 25 percen-

A senior government

minister, Employment

Secretary Michael Portillo,

admitted over the weekend

that his party was in deep

our party is not that they

(supporters) bave lost faith in

what we want to do or what

we have done, but rather that

the differences between the

parties has become blurred,"

he told London Weekend

Mr. Portillo, often por-

trayed by the media as a

possible future prime minis-.

ter, denied that he would

ever throw down the gauntlet

gets into the habit, balf-way through each parliament, of

removing its leader, I don't

think it's going to do the party any good," he said.

The Labour Party's finance and Labour.

"If the Conservative Party

"The crisis that is faced by

tage points.

trouble.

Television.

to Mr. Major.

Major's party faces

disaster in Scottish polls

killer was someone much stronger, possibly a man. The Singapore forensic re-

port said she died of strangulation, but Dr. Reyes said she was strangled only "to finish her off."

On Sunday, the Singapore government said it accepted Mr. Ramos' proposal for an independent review of the original autopsy report to resolve the conflicting claims. Dr. Reyes said there was "no need for a third party,"

he suggested that Singapo-

rean and Filipino medical ex-

aminers conduct the study of the remains in Manila. Miss Contemplacion said her mother told her she was forced to admit the killings because she was electrocuted and made to take drugs while

in police custody. She also said a Philippine embassy official allegedly told her mother to confess and to display insanity in hopes of receiving lighter

'She believed this and this is what she did," Miss Contemplacion said.

The Contemplation family wyer, Romeo Capulone also told the commission that court records showed Mrs. Contemplacion was convicted based on a confession she made without the assistance of a lawyer and "extracted under duress."

Quoting from the records, Mr. Capulong said Mrs. Contemplacion admitted the crime because "the police kept scaring me," on the her body, suggesting that the night of her arrest.

spokesman Gordon Brown

seized on Mr. Portillo's re-mark and said: "The Tory

(Conservative) Party is fall-

ing apart 24 hours after its

Mr. Major set out a fresh

ecting over the weekend in

agenda at the party's annual

hope of wooing back middle-

of-the-road votes. It included

tough action against criminals and possible future tax cuts.

that this would bave an im-

pact on Thursday's local

recent opinion poll gave

Labour 52 per cent of the

conneil vote, Scottish Nationalists 25 and Con-

Scotland's existing two-tier

local government system will

disappear next year. It will be

replaced by single tier coun-

cils in a reorganisation steam-

rollered through parliament

by the Conservatives over

issues, have dominated what

has been an increasingly

Opposition parties are con-

sidering legal action to block

a television interview with

Mr. Major Monday and Con-

servative activists planned

similar action against a media

advertising campaign plan-ned for Wednesay and poll-

One of the fiercest battles

is in Edinburgh, where

Labour kept out the Con-

servatives in 1992 by a post-

election deal that gave the

Scottish capital its first Scot-

tish Nationalist Lord Provost

Elsewhere in central Scot-

land's industrial belt, the

election is seen as straight

fight between Nationalists

ing day.

(lord mayor).

acrimonious campaign.

National policies, not local

opposition protests.

servatives 11.

Scottish elections. The most-

There was no indication

signs law on **AIDS**

MOSCOW (R) — President Boris Yeltsin has signed a controversial law on AIDS which obliges foreigners planning long-term stays in Russia to prove they are HIV-free, a presidential spokesman said Monday. A spokesman at Mr. Yelt-

sin's press service said the president signed the law which takes effect on Ang. 1 this year — Friday in the southern Russia town of Kislovodsk where he has been spending his vacation.

AIDS activities and many medical specialists oppose the legislation, saying several articles are medically senseless and discriminatory. But Mr. Yeltsin ignored their last-minute pleas not to sign the law.

"It was so mexpected that we haven't yet had time to decide what to do. We boped Yeltsin would not sign it," said Oleg Frolov, a member of Moscow's AESOP sexwhich played a leading role in fighting the law.

ter and believed in our sonls that he wouldn't do it," he said by telephone. AESOP's letter, sent to Mr. Yeltsin on March 30,

"We sent him an open let-

said the law was an attempt to erect a new iron curtain around Russia. It said that rather than passing laws, the country should instead devise prog-

rammes geared to helping

people learn about AIDS and

how to avoid contracting the The State Duma lower house of parliament approved the law on preventing the spread of human imminuo-deficiency virus (HIV), which causes AIDS, on Feb. 24.

Russian health officials say it is a necessary part of efforts to prevent AIDS spreading. Russian Health Minister experts who drafted the law said Russian medical officials were merely obliged to make every effort to protect their compatriots from being infected with the imported disease;" ITAR-TASS news

Seoul starts huge military exercises SEOUL (AP) - South the United States, but those manoeuvres have been skipped in the past two years to encourage cooperation by North Korea on nuclear issnes. The North had contended the exercises spoiled the atmosphere for coopera-

veloping weapons..
The combined tactical ex-Last October, the United ercises, the largest South signed an agreement requir-ing North Korea to freeze in recent years, will continue until Saturday near the eastem front line, with 80,000 and eventually dismantle its troops from the army, navy feared neulear programme by 2003 in exchange for two modern reactors and econoand air force participating. Defence Ministry officials mic and diplomatic benefits.

said. They said the exercises also will involve reservists, but did not disclose the number.

Similar exercises will be held later this year along the Western front line, the officials said. Seoul, the capital, is only 56 kilometres from the North Korean border. Ministry officials said the

first-day exercises included airdrops of food for ground troops moving to positions in rugged mountains. Air Force Chief of Staff Gen. Kim Hong-Rae joined in, flying an F-5F jet fighter. "I flew a sortie to check for

myself the readiness of our air force against North Korea, which keeps increasing tension," Gen. Kim told local reporters. The exercises will reach

their peak Thursday with an amphibious assault landing under air cover on the east South Korea long had held spring exercises jointly with

But a deadlock has developed over North Korea's refusal to receive those replacement reactors from tis southern capitalist rival. The North cites safety but is helieved to be acting out of national pride. U.S. and South Korean

officials have warned that they would seek U.N. sanction if North Korea continued to reject South Korean reactors, thus blocking South Korea will hold

high-level talks Friday with the United States and Japan concerning the provisino of those replacement reactors, the officials said.

The talks in New York will discuss a proposal North Korea presented at talks with the United States in Berlin last week. The proposal reportedly seeks to restrict South Korea's participation in making and huilding the

The Defence Ministry officials said the spring exercises bad been planned before the nuclear dispute began to worsen in March, and stressed the need for South Korea to maintaio a constant vigil against the hardline Communist North.

North Korea invaded its capitalist rival in 1950, starting a three-year war. Their border is the world's most heavily armed, with nearly 2 million troops deployed on

Because the spring exercises are the first sip... Seoul regained peacetime operational control over its military from the United States last year, they have been expanded to include more offensive manoeuvres and greater cooperation between the different branches of the armed forces, the officials

Simulations of amphibious landing under air cover and air assault training bave been enlarged in scale, and training against chemical warfare. air raids and attack by sea will he included, they said.

Seoul gave up control over its 650,000-member military during the 1950-53 Korean War, when the United States led U.N. forces in the hattle against the North.

South Korea regained peacetime control in December, under the condition that control reverts to the United States in crisis situations.

Taiwan aborts Spratlys mission to avoid conflict

Taiwan Monday aborted an armed patrol boat mission sent to emphasise its claims in the disputed Spratly Islands, backing away from possible conflict in the tense South China Sea.

agency said.

The National Police Administration (NPA) ordered a three-boat patrol, which Sunday was moored between Taiwan and the Spratlys, to return to the Pescadores Islands, some 50 kilometres west of Taiwan.

"For the sake of the safety of the men and boats and to avoid triggering complicated international conflicts, we have directed the boat team to temporarily cancel their work," the NPA said in a

The Spratlys, widely seen as a possible flashpoint in the region, are a potentially oilrich cluster of isles, reefs and atolls claimed wholly or in part by China, the Philippines, Vietnam, Taiwan, Malaysia and Brunei. The Taiwanese boats were

moored at the Taiwan-

occupied Pratas Islands.

some 220 nautical miles from Taiwan, which are also claimed by China. NPA Director-General Lu

Yu-Chun said on state radio that Taiwan's claims in the area remained beyond doubt, despite Taipei's concession in calling off the patrol. "Our sovereignly in these territories is very clear. We have had armed forces sta-

tioned in the Pratas and Spratlys for tens of years," Mr. Lu said. The patrol boats, led by an 800-tonne vessel, had planned to go on to the Spratlys to protect the rights of Taiwanese fishermen there and to erect a monument

proclaiming sovereignty on Taiping islet. Taiping, also called Itu Aha, is currently occupied by Taiwanese Marines who perform regular military exercises including shelling largets bobbing on the sea.

The Philippines reacled to

Taiwan's patrol by saying it was ready to reinforce its military forces in the area. Tension in the area rose

accused China of huilding what it said looked like a possible naval support installation on a reef the Philippines claims. Last month, the Philippine

Navy detained four Chinese vessels they alleged were fishing in a portion of the Spratlys claimed by Manila. A fifth Chinese boat was held off the northern Philippine coast of Bataan.

In another development Sunday. Taiwan rebuffed an official Vietnamese protest that Taiwan hoats in the Spratlys had fired missiles near Vietnamese vessels on March 25.

Vietnam and Malaysia had also voiced concern separately over Taiwan's planned patrol boat mission.

Meanwhile a Chinese diplomat said Monday charges against the 62 Chinese fishermen heing held here for poaching in the disputed Spratly Islands were "sheer

Chinese embassy First Consul General Guo Luxing, who visited the 62 fishermen last February after Manila in jail over the weekend,

called charges against them "sheer lies hy some people who want to destroy the relationship" hetween China and the Philippines. He did not elaborate.

"We want the Philippine government to release them as soon as possible because we do not want to complicate things," he told reporters. Mr. Guo said the Chinese emhassy provided food and

medicine to the fishermen after they complained of getting diarrhoea from consuming prison food and water. He added that he was returning to Manila later Monday but would not comment on any future actions by the

embassy. He also said he was unable to inspect the four Chinese boats that were seized by the Philippine Navy in the Spratlys on March 25 in the latest showdown hetween the two countries,

President Fidel Ramos has rejected Chinese demands to free the fishermen, saying they had violated international laws on protecting the enTUESDAY, APRIL

Cambodian

women wed



Rwandan Hutu refugees board trucks of the U.N. High Commissioner for Acaugues Court of the northern to the northern the Tanzanian border, to return to the northern than the Tanzanian border, to return to the northern than the form days seen. Some Burundian camp of Ngozi they left four days ago. Some

10.000 Rwandan Hutus agreed to return to Ngozi while another 40,000 set up camp in Kabanga, 3 kms south of

Burundi still a powder keg as refugee exodus wanes

BUJUMBURA (R) — The U.N. refugee agency says an attempted exodus of some 50,000 Rwandan refugees from Bnrundi has heen halted, hut diplomats and officials forecast grimly that the country's crisis is far from

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Diving her

Me of the se Aid officials and diplomats said the refugee problem was at best only postponed and might even have only drawn attention away from turmoil Diana's broth the first place. in Burundi that caused it in

beratespie Peter Kessler, a spokesman in the Kenyan capital Nairobi for the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), told Reulers a total of 8,700 refugees had returned to their camps in Burundi by Sunday night.

He said the refugee agency had deployed 25 trucks Monday to move more people hack to their camps from a refugees. temporary centre set up at ... Bnjnmbura is rife with Kahanga near the Tanzanian forecasts of much greater suf-

solution for them and for

WASHINGTON (AFP) —

Britain and the United States

have put their differences on

Northern Ireland hehind

them and the hilateral rela-

tionship is on track, Secretary

of State Warren Christopher

ago "are now ancient bis-

tory," Mr. Christopher told

reporters after meeting British

Prime Minister John Major

here, echoing remarks by Mr.

Major on the plane on his

way to Washington.
"We came together on a

broad range of issues here

this morning," M1. Christ-

was angered last month when

the U.S. administration

allowed Sinn Fein leader

Gerry Adams to raise funds

during a visit bere, and Presi-

dent Bill Clinton invited him

to a reception at the White

Mr. Adams said Monday

that he had no confidence in

Mr. Major's bandling of the

The British government

opher added.

The events of a few weeks

said bere Monday.

everyone else," Mr. Kessler added

He said a UNHCR special envoy, Carrol Faubert, had arrived in the Burundi capital for talks with government officials on the need to provide security to the frightened refugees.

"We are seeking security guarantees for the refugees. We are trying to encourage Burundi to provide a proper security environment," Mr. Kessler said.

An estimated 20,000 of the 50,000 Rwandan refugees on the move since Thursday stopped in the bush around Kabanga after agreeing to stay there temporarily while the border was shut.

But some 3,500 managed to cross the border into Tanzania, which says it is already overwhelmed with 750,000

selfering in a country with which "We are convincing remaining refugees to go back to the camps. It is the hest rights seminars, envoys and

"I don't have any confidence in Mr. Major's hand-

ling of it so far but I do think

he has the opportunity to redeem himself," the head of the Irish Republican Army's

political wing told BBC Radio in London as Mr. Ma-

"President Clinton has

engaged in the process on

about three or four occa-

sions, and on each occasion

that has belped to move the situation on, said Mr. Adams, shortly after Mr. Ma-

jor.arrived in Washington for

a two-day visit with Mr. Clin-

Mr. Major said he was not

interested in Mr. Adam's

opinion of him, adding "I am

less concerned about Mr.

Adams' opinion than I am

about Sinn Fein deciding they

will come and talk about de-

commissioning" the IRA

The British government is

refusing to bold ministerial-

level talks with Sinn Fein

until it is satisfied the IRA,

weapons.

jor arrived in Washington.

U.S.-U.K. 'spat' on N. Ireland over — Christopher

After the slaughter last year in neighbouring Rwanda, which has the same ethnic mix, of up to one million members of the minority Tutsi tribe and Hutu moderates. no one is optimistic about

Even as the UNHCR said Sunday the Rwandan refugee exodus was over after Tanzania closed its border Friday, Burundi's Tutsis and Hutus were in conflict in the capital and interior.

Burundi.

Troops shot and killed three men in Bujumbura's predominantly Hutu suhurb of Kinama Sunday after President Sylvestre Ntihantunganya toured the area calling for peace, residents said.

They showed journalists the body of one Hutu man, in his twenties and shot in the stomach, on waste ground near an army position as troops sealed off the area and Huta youths took to the .. streets.

A foreign photographer also saw the bodies of two other men hit hy bullets and taken to their homes after they were shot.

pared to hand over its arsen-

Mr. Christopher and Mr.

Major stressed that they were

in step on a "wide range of

issues" discussed Monday,

including Bosnia, Russia.

Bosnia as among the "diffi-

cult questions we have to

wrestle within the coming

months," hut both men stres-

sed that the two countries

were more in step on the

issue than they were a year

ago.
"There was a time a year

or maybe 18 months ago

when there was a difference of policy." Mr. Major said,

come together."

but we have substantially

He also said that while he

had never called the U.S.-

British link a "special rela-

tionship," it was an impor-

tant and longstanding rela-

tionship between the two

countries, adding "there are

spats, as in all families" from

time to time, but the rela-

Mr. Christopher classed

Iraq and NATO.

Residents said they did not know why troops opened fire in Kinama suburb on what until then had been a quiet Sunday.

At least 200 people were killed in ethnic attacks in Bujumbura last week when Tutsi gangs forced Hutus out of the Bwiza and Buyenzi neighbourboods of the capital as part of their plan to turn Bujumhura into an entirely Tutsi enclave.

"The presence of 200 forcign journalists in Bujumhura is keeping things relatively calm for the moment because the people behind the violence don't want to be seen," a diplomat said.

He said be feared ethnic violence had heen widespread in parts of the interior for the past week. Aid workers saw three bodies on a road in the northeastern town of gasorwe Sunday.

Burundi has teetered on the brink of bloodletting on a similar scale to Rwanda's since Tutsi troops killed President Melchior Ndadayc, a Hutu, in October 1993.

cial visit in a year. Hc is due

to meet with President Bill

Clinton Tuesday, and is also meeting senior U.S. govern-

ment and congressional lead-

A senior British official

said that Mr. Major had

raised the issue of Nicholas

Ingram, a British citizen with

dual U.S./British nationality

due to be executed in Geor-

gia for murder, but he was

not expected to ask Clinton

to intervene on the man's

Mr. Major had asked

whether the man had been

given a fair trial and the

regular pnnishment for the

crime, and since this was the

case there were no ground for

British intervention, the offi-

ly in the case of dual national-

ity, one country could not

intervene if a citizen was

arrested in the other country

. The man's mother, Ann

Ingram, is in Washington, but

of nationality.

He also noted that normal-

behalf.

Serbs shell Bihac town in new blow to Bosnian truce

SARAJEVO (Agencies) — Rebel Serb forces have dealt Bosnia's faltering ceasefire another hlow by shelling the U.N.-declared "safe area" of Bihac and Prime Minister Haris Silajdzic accused the West of playing into Serb hands.

U.N. officials said the Serbs homharded the government-controlled Bihac town Sunday and staged infantry assaults with rebel Muslims against the Muslimled Bosnian army a few dozen kilometres to the north near Velika Kladusa...

As diplomatic efforts to end the Balkan state's threeyear war appeared at a virtual dead end, the United Nations asked NATO surveillance planes to pinpoint the source of the gunfire.
Mr. Silajdzic said interna-

tional determination to contain the Bosnian war was aiding separatist Serbs who have captured 70 per cent of. the country.

"For the past three years the international community. one aim — to keep the prob- the enclave's southern edge, lem inside the borders of as a safe area eligible for

Bosnia," he said in an interview on state television on Sunday night.

"Such a concept coincides completely with the Belgrade regime's concept to paint the conflict like a civil war and to keep it inside Bosnia and to prevent any kind of interven-

Analysts say the Bosnia war, moving into its fourth year this week, could be consigned to a long, low-level conflict, with battlefield stalemate as the West seemed to have abandoned attempts to impose a peace plan on the

A U.N. spokesman said 15 shells landed inside the "safe area" radius around Bihac town in northwest Bosma. Eleven hit built-up districts inside the town.

"Eight (rounds) were very close to the Bihac main police station and it appears to be a deliberate targeting of this specific target," said U.N. spokesman Major Herve Gommelon.

The United Nations has has had only one concept, designated Bihac town, on based there and NATO warplanes overhead.

Similar attacks in the past have killed or wounded dozens in the main town of a mostly Muslim region of some 160,000 people beset hy Serb forces since June 1992.

An amateur radio report from the Bihac enclave spoke of "everything hurning from shelling" in the area of Veli-ka Kladusa, a rebel Muslimheld town near the northern confrontation line of the U.N. sources said rebel

Muslim and Serb forces launehed a fierce attack on Vrnograc, 15 kilometres east of Kladusa and about 50 kilometres north of Bihac town, but could not say if the front line had shifted.

A U.N.-mediated ceasefire, due to last four months, took effect on Jan. 1 but has been unravelling in the absence of follow-up peace talks, thwarted by the Serbs' refusal to yield some of the 70 per cent of Bosnia under their control.

Both sides, including the Muslim-led Sarajevo govern-

protection by U.N. soldiers ment which would have got a 50 per cent share of Bosnia under the peace plan, have

used the truce to regroup, Government troops launched two tactical offensives on Serb-held strategic highlands in north-central Bosnia last month, six weeks before the expiry of the ceasefire.

The assaults appear to have fizzled out after modest

The five-nation "contact group'' on Bosnia-Hercegovina is to meet Tuesday in London at expert level to try and save Bosnia's fraying ceasefire four weeks before it expires, French diplomats said Monday.

Renegade Muslim leader Fikret Abdic said Monday it was only a matter of days before the Bihac pocket in the northwest of Bosnia was captured by Serb coalition

Meanwhile, the U.S. embassy in Sarajevo announced Monday that the U.S. ambassador to Bosnia-Hercegovina, Victor Jackovich, is being relieved of his duties later this month.

Russian premier backs nuclear deal with Iran

MOSCOW (R) — Russian Prime Minister Viktor Cher-nomyrdin said Monday that Moscow would go ahead with the sale of nuclear reactors to Iran, ITAR-TASS news agency quoted a senior government official as saying. Nuclear Energy Minister

Viktor Mikhailov quoted Mr. Chemomyrdin as saying this at talks with U.S. Defence Secretary William Perry, wbo tried to persuade Moscow to abandon the deal worth up to \$1 billion. Mr. Mikhailov was part of the Russian team at the meeting.

The United States suspect that Iran is developing its own nuclear weapons. Russia insists that light-water reactors to be sold to Iran cannot be used to produce weaponsgrade plutonium or for any other military use.

TASS...quoted.Mr. Mikhailov as saying Mr. Per-ry made it clear at talks that Washington-would continue to exert pressure on Moscow over the deal. Mr. Perry said the issue would be raised again when U.S. President Bill Clinton visits Moscow next month.

Mr. Mikhailov, a strong defender of the deal, said he was worried by the pace and the form of U.S. pressure on Russia. He said he was unhappy that Mr. Perry had pressed the issue at a meeting with Defence Minister Pavel Grachev earlier Monday. The Defence Ministry has

nnclear reactors," Mr. Mikhailov said. Gen. Grachev told reporters after meeting Mr. Perry that his ministry would not get involved in the deal.

But Gen. Grachev said

nothing to do with the sale of

that, in another area of friction with Washington, Moscow might take "counter measures" if NATO expanded eastwards too quickly. He said these could include

not abiding by the 1990 Conventional Forces in Europe (CFE) treaty on numbers and distribution of East-West troops and armour.



U.S. Defence Secretary William Perry (right) toasts his Russian counterpart Pavel Grachev after signing in Moscow a cooperation agree-ment under which the U.S. commits itself to both, assist the states of the former Soviet Union to undergo their disarmament process and insure the safety of the Russian nuclear

m Russia include discussion with local authorities on Anti-Ballistic Missile Treaty, NATO's Partnership for Peace programme and the npcoming Clinton-Yeltsin meeting (AFP

Mr. Perry, who met Gen. tricity. So one starts off being Grachev for more than an hour on issues ranging from NATO expansion to nuclear disarmament, said he had set ont U.S. views on Russia's planned \$1 billion nuclear deal with Tehran.

The sale is a very big economic factor for them (Russia)," Mr. Perry told reporters. "It (cancellation) would be a very hard decision for them to make."

Washington says sale of the reactors would help Iran develop nuclear weapons. Russia has denied the charge and made clear it plans to go

ahead with the sale. Mr. Perry said there were grounds to suspect Iran's motives in the contract, under which Russia would supply

nuclear equipment and technical aid worth up to \$1 bil-

"The country (Iran) is awash with oil," he told re-porters. "It is entirely clear, even to the casual observer, that Iran does not need nuclear reactors to generate elec-

Balladur, Chirac shake hands but watch backs

suspicious of why they want nuclear reactors."

He described talks with Gen. Grachev as "good and very frank" and Gen. Grachev said after their talks that Russia was prepared to continue cooperating with NATO.

But the Russian minister also said that if the alliance expanded too rapidly to embrace former Soviet bloc states, Moscow could end compliance with the CFE

"This spread to the east is, m fct, an isolation of Eastern European countries from Russia," Gen. Grachev said.

'So, counter measures could be taken ... we would not abide by the Conventional Forces in Europe treaty. And we might create necessary military groups in the most threatening directions and set up closer cooperation with other CIS countries."

Gen. Grachev said he and Mr. Perry had "come to a good mutual understanding"

on several issues. He had also given Mr. Perry information

ahout Cheehenya, where Russian troops have intervened violently to crush a three-year independence hid Mr. Perry is on the second

leg of a trip through four former Soviet republics. He arrived in Moscow Sunday from Ukraine and will later go to Kazakhstan and Uzbe-kistan.

Mr. Perry has already said U.S. aid for Russian economic expansion would not be halted by Washington's deep concern over Moscow's transfer of arms and nuclear tech-

The New York Times said Monday the U.S. government had provided Russian officials with intelligence reports on Iran to try to persuade them to abandon the

It said the written report showed Iran bad a crash programme to build nuclear weapons, which would be accelerated by Russia's contract to build reactors in Iran.

there was no meeting cur-Northern Ireland situation, tionship remained sound. rently scheduled with Mr. and that Mr. Clinton had which has ahided by a seven-Mr. Major arrived here late Sunday for his first offi-Major. done much better. month-old ceasefire, is pre-

MOSCOW (AP) — Former Vice President Alexander Rutskoi Sunday was formally nominated as a candidate for

tions, news agencies said. Mr. Rntskoi was nominated at a congress of the Derzhava political party, which describes itself as a Social-Patriotic Movement. It was founded in May, 1994, and claims a membership of

told the Interfax News Agency that his nomination was "a natural wish of the people. I-

Yeltsin in October 1993. Mr. Rutskoi was jailed in October 1993 after Mr. Yeltsin crushed the rebellion. He was released in Fehrnary 1994 after the new parliament declared an amnesty for the jailed leaders of the October

The Derzhava Party is a loosely stuctured conservative political movement made up of former Communists and other hardline groups, including all-Russia People's Right Wing Centre and the Russian Christian Democra-

tic Movement. It was founded by Viktor Kobelev, a former member of Vladimir Zhirinovsky's Liberal Democratic Party.

The party's congress adopted a resolution saying Russia has been damaged by the presidency of Mr. Yeltsin. "Therefore, he must be removed from his post through free presidential elections in June 1996," the resolution said.

PARIS (AFP) - Bitter right-Edouard Balladur and Jacques Chirac shook hands Monday, even as the contest between them became increasingly barbed less than three weeks ahead of the first round of voting.

Paris mayor met at a memorial mass for former President George Pompidou honrs after launching the latest barbs in their rivalry for France's top joh. Witnesses said the two shook hands.

The war of words between the pair, long time political colleagues turned opponents in the presidential race, has stepped up in the last week as Mr. Balladur struggles to resurrect his hopes ahead of the April 23 first round.

Chirac had been on French radio talking about the possibility of a "Balladur state" and lamenting the "extraor-dinary seizure" or power by Mr. Balladur's government. Mr. Chirac rejected

nationwide party machine, could be at the heart of an 'RPR state' if he were elected in April/May hallots. "The theme of an RPR

wing presidential rivals with, it must be said, an extraordinary seizure over the last two years by the government of all economic activity and even it is sometimes said media activity, must be banned," he said on French radio.

state or even a Balladur state

In return Mr. Balladur spokesman Nicolas Barkozy accused Mr. Chirac of denigrating the government of which the RPR bas been the largest part since the right's landslide victory in March 1993 elections.

"He is denigrating two vears of a government which he has supported." The two had already come

to hlows - albeit indirectly Sunday, when they both appeared in live broadcasts hours apart. Mr. Chirac has refused to take part in a public debate before the first. round of voting.

criticising Mr. Chirac's "de-magogic" promises to the

ed Mr. Balladur for what he sees as the prime minister's

reinctance to undertake large-scale reforms in France. "People who have no dewayside," Mr. Chirac said in what was taken as a transparent reference to Mr. Balla-

The latest polls indicate that, less three weeks ahead of the April 23 first round of yoting, the gap between them is somewhat narrowing after weeks of a comfortable lead

for Mr. Chirac. All three main contenders in the race to succeed President François Mitterrand -Chirac, Balladur and Socialist Lionel Jospin — are within five points of each other. according to the latest poll

Sunday. Another poll published by the daily InfoMatin Monday indicated that nearly half of voters - 44 per cent - are still undecided who they will vote for.

Mr. Balladur told a gathering of businesswoman Monday that women would take 30 per cent of ministerial posts in the next French government if he succeeded in winning election to the presidency in the forthcoming

poll. The premier, whose twoyear-old government contains only three women ministers out of 28, told a meeting of company chiefs who also bappen to he women that lists presented m elections under the proportional representation system should also contain a minimum of 30 per cent of

women candidates. Mr. Balladur said be wanted to "make things bappen" with regard to gender disparities in French society which was "not making enough progress" in this regard.

One in four company beads in France is a woman, although the proportion of women in parliament is only six per cent. Women earn on average 30 per cent less than their male colleagues. according to a recent study.

"French society can no longer tolerate such unjustified discrimination." he told the industry chiefs.

Mr. Balladur has indicated he may insist on female quotas in all elections, from local to legislative, if he gets

into the Elysee Palace. The candidate said he would work hard to reduce differences in pay between men and women "until the gap is estimated" and to promote greater compatibility between professional and family life for women who

The women in Balladur's present government are Social Affairs Minister Simone Veil, Youth and Sport Minister Michele Alliot-Marie and Humanitarian Action Minister Lucette Michaud-Chevry.

sought both.

Rutskoi formally announces candidacy for president

president in the 1996 elec-

about 1 million people. The former vice president

am not going to reject the nomination. Mr. Rutskoi, 47, is a former combat pilot and Soviet major general who served in

Afghanistan. He was elected as Boris Yeltsin's vice president in 1991, but later joined forces with the rebellious parliament dissolved by Mr.

revolt.

tional organisations. The de-

Crimean deputies shelve referendum debate

MOSCOW (AFP) - Cri- Saturday. mean legislators, meeting in emergency session in Sebastopol Monday, shelved plans to hold a debate on whether to organise a referendum on e status of their republic ater Ukrainian President Leonid Kuehma put the peninsula under Kiev's con-

Parliament Speaker Sergei Tsekov had called the session to work out a response to Mr. Knchma's decision made

Mr. Kuchma also reinstated Prime Minister Anato-

decree and issue separate

appeals to the parliament in

Kiev and to Crimea's 2.7-

million-strong and predomi-

nantly Russian population.

ly Franchuk, who had been dismissed by Crimean deputies ten days ago for being too pro-Ukrainian. According to the agenda of Monday's session, deputies were to debate Mr. Kuchma's

The deputies were also to discuss a call by Anatoly Drobotov, whom they had named as premier to replace Mr. Franchuk, to be reheved of his former post of agriculture

The Crimean parliament was to hold another session

Wednesday to issue appeals

to the Russian lower house of

parliament and to interna-

The Crimean parliament still regards Mr. Drobotov as Crimea's legitimate premier.

puties were to send a delegation to Moscow to enlist the support of their Russian On Sunday, Mr. Meshkov denounced the decision by Kiev to place the region

> under its control. The decisions sparked a new crisis between the autonomous republic -- whose population of 2.7 million is mainly Russian-speaking -

The French premier and

Hours before their encounter Monday morning Mr.

electorate. accusations that his own Ral-Meanwhile Chirac attackly for the Republic (RPR), which has a formidable

move will be left by the state, like that of a Socialist

Mr. Balladur accused Mr. Chirac of baving already carved up the key ministerial posts in a new government,

sire to make France really

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Will Israel ever learn?

ISRAELI PRIME Minister Yitzhak Rabin was right Sunday to admit that there was no military solution to end the attacks of the Lebanese resistance fighters on the Israeli occupation forces in South Lebanon. "There is only a diplomatic solution" to the conflict in Lebanon. Mr. Rabin is reported to have told the Israeli

On the surface, the belated Israeli recognition of the inevitability of a political settlement to its conflict with Lebanon might seem assuring. It could carry within it the message that Israel has finally accepted to come to terms with the fact that its continued occupation of Lebanese territory and its continued use of its military might will not bring it the security that it claims to be its number one priority.

But no one should tip his hat to Mr. Rabin for reaching this realisation. For one, it is a shockingly late acknowledgement of a fact that Israel has chosen to neglect for years. Second, Mr. Rabin fell short of spelling out what be meant by a diplomatic solution. If one is to go by Israel's record in interpreting what a political solution means, the answer would be that Israel wants to take all, and give nothing.

There is no question that only a political settlement can remove the shroud of fear and destruction that Israel has faced not only on Lebanon but on the whole of the Middle East for decades. But that settlement should right the wrong; it should end the Israeli occupation of Lebanese, Syrian and Palestinian lands.

Hizbollah is a resistance movement that was created to end the suffering that Israeli occupation of Lebanon has brought upon the Lebanese people. The movement's right to fight the Israeli invaders is a basic human right that is upheld by international laws.

Hizbollah men and women are freedom fighters trying to liberate their land from a vicious occupation that continues for no other reason but Israel's arrogance, complexes and belief that its superior power can legitimise the illegitimate, justify the unjustifiable and deny others all that it claims for itself.

There is only one solution to the conflict in Lebanon: Israel must get out of every inch of Arab territory. And that can be achieved through a long and bloody war to the suffering of everybody or through a diplomatic settlement. The choice is for Israel.

It can effect that solution immediately.

Both the Lebanese and Israeli people are paying dearly for the conflict in Sonth Lebanon. But both peoples have one side to blame for their miseries: It is the Israeli government, its refusal to do what it takes to bring peace to the area and its inability to break out from a bubble of arrogance and insecurity in which it is burying its

The "diplomatic solution" that Mr. Rabin spoke of would require Israel to burst this bubble, open its eyes to the real reason why Hizbollah fighters fire their Katyushas on Israeli occupation soldiers and get those soldiers out of Lebanon, once and for all.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

AL RA'I Arabic daily in its editorial on Monday dealt with comments by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan. the Regent, at a cabinet session on Saturday. It said Prince Hassan called on Jordanians to work as one team. It said that over decades, the Jordanian people's modesty did not allow them to declare their distinction in word and deed despite the fact that the country had always carried out its duty and at times more than it was required. It said this allowed others to throw many charges at Jordan in spite of all it did for the nation. Therefore, Prince Hassan's calls regarding the challenges and countering them is one of his top concerns because of the 30 years he spent in dealing with these challenges, Al Ra'i said. It said this made the Crown Prince an example of the kind of leaderships needed in many countries those aspirations are much more than their capabilities. It continued that the national achievements accomplished under Prince Hassan's daily supervision is something like a miracle that others should follow.

A COLUMNIST in Al Dustour on Monday expressed astonishment at an American proposal being currently worked out to allow Iraq to export \$2 billion of oil every three months to meet its humanitarian needs. Mohammad Ka'wash said the media campaign, which accompanied the preparation of the proposal tried to demonstrate the American sympathy with the besieged Iraqi people and tried to show the American measure as a response to the humanitarian needs of the Iraqi people. He said after studying cuts for compensation, expenses for committees, and salaries of (U.N. inspection) teams and delegations, the remaining amount would appear insufficient for huying medicine and food and even not enough for the needs of one it Iraqi city. He said that the real objective behind the American proposal, which is being prepared by U.S. representative the U.N., Madlin Oilbright, is to extend the The View from Fourth Circle

Salvation, marketplaces and our children's future

THERE IS a broad consensus in Jordan that we are passing through a moment of great historical importance, but there is no clear consensus on what kinds of changes we should institute or on a vision of where we are heading. How we navigate this moment in our modern national history will probably define the nature and condition of Jordan and Jordanians for many decades or even-generations to come. It is important, therefore, not to get lost in the small details of what happens today or tomorrow, but, rather, to focus on long-term principles and ideals that can assure the best interests of Jordan and the wider Arab World in the longer

A longer term perspective on our identity, condition and aspirations suggests to me that we should focus on several related issues that I would summarise as the four I's: identity, investment, institutions and information.

The identity issue requires that we affirm the logical long-term identity of Jordan within its natural national context. This sounds imple, and it is simple. Will we seek to assure our well-being as a dynamic element in a wider Arab environment — as history suggests we must — or will we depend on political, economic and security relationships with non-Arah parties, such as Israel and the United States, for our well-being? Our policies and orientations today reflect a certain tug-of-war between these two orientations. While short-term realities dictate our coming to terms with the reality of Israeli and American power, Jordan's longer term national well-being requires that we revitalise and expand our relationships with our natural

The temptation to rely on relationships with Israeli and American parties for our long-term well-being is strong, but probably fatally misguided. A more compelling approach would see us recognise the certainty of substantial changes in the pan-Arab environment in the decades ahead, especially in view of the inevitable transformations towards more participatory, humane political cultures that will occur in countries such as Syria, Iraq and Saudi Arabia geographically and culturally contiguous lands that have always defined, and will always define, the political condition and economic orientation of smaller lands such as Jordan, Palestine and Lebanon.

It is virtually axiomatic that Jordan in the early years of the next decade will find itself redefining itself in relation to changing geo-political configurations in the two regions that have always been the primary determinants of our national orientation — the Levant and the Arabian Peninsula. Our relationships with Israel and the United States, therefore, should be managed on the basis of optimising short-term benefits, but within a long-term vision that sees Jordan deriving national sustenance primarily from compatible Arab cultures and contiguous Arab

The investment question is emerging as the immediate

criterion that may determine our long-term orientation. We find ourselves today in the peculiar position of running after foreign investments, while domestic investment remains rather subdued, mainly due to political and psychological uncertainties about what the future holds.

Investors usually make their decisions on intuition and gut feelings, and many Jordanians seem uncertain of what the future holds. Should we invest our money in a manner to tap the enormous Arab market around us, or should we instead focus on joint ventures with Israeli, European, Japanese and U.S. partners, aimed at the global market?

One reason that domestic economic activity has not responded to the promise of the peace accord with Israel is the out feeling among many Jordanian investors that we are moving too quickly towards a dependency relationship with the United States and Israel, while insufficiently strengthening political and economic ties with the Arab states. Investors and their capital are naturally cautious, and their natural caution is compounded today by the added political uncertainty of how reliable or lasting are the ties that we are developing with the U.S. and Israel.

The manner in which we have bad to lobby the American Congress at the highest level on implementing the American pledge to write off our deht is symptomatic of the larger fears that haunt many Jordanians: fears that the U.S. and Israel will court us and provide some assistance in the short run to serve their national interests, but that they will eventually abandon us when we are no longer particularly useful to their geo-strategic interests. The recent examples of great power ties with Somalia and Ethiopia are iostructive in this respect.

The extraordinary current emphasis on attracting foreign investment and aid to Jordan should he a sign that something is fundamentally distorted in our economy. There is no lack of indigenous Jordanian entrepreneurial skills, capital or national commitment required to promote domestic investments, especially given the huge natural Arah market at our doorstep. The double fact that we have to run after foreign investments and that we have achieved limited successes in this endeavour should wake us up to the fact that our salvation does not rest of foreign shoulders, but rather on our own.

This raises the third criterion I mentioned above, that of institutions. Our inability to institutionalise our national political and economic life remain one of our most fundamental weaknesses. We have achieved many successes in Jordan primarily because of the manner in which individual leadership has been able to mould and motivate the many tribal strands of Jordanian society into a coberent whole. We have been blessed with much oobility and wisdom in our leadership and in our people; hut we have unable to weave these elements into a more durable, institutionalised national structure that can, for example,

address the enormous challenges and opportunities that face us today.

The intellectual poverty of our political parties, the absence of credible, independent research centres, the inanimate condition of most of our colleges and universities, the sad polarisation of our media into fawning government groupies or hysterical opposition scandal sheets, and the virtual hibernation of our parliament vis-a-vis the world of ideas and conceptual thinking are all signs of our failures to institutionalise several critically important elements that we will need to navigate through the coming years and decades: honest discussion of public policy issues, consensus-huilding on national goals and values, and a capacity to deal and negotiate with foreign parties on the basis of a solid domestic position arrived at tbrough credible, institutionalised and participatory mechanisms. Israel and the United States are strong, for example, precisely because they have nurtured and developed these elements.

The last issue I mentioned above — informatioo — may not be an obvious one at first glance; but, I believe that even a cursory view of what is happening around the world should indicate the importance of accurate, freely available information as the vital hasis for political and economic well-being. While we have certainly improved in Jordan in recent years in our capacity to allow a more free flow of information, we remain woefully negligent in our recognition of the need to make substantial changes in how information is made available to, and used by, the average citizens. Instead of spending time, money and energy on car and mobile telephones that serve a small, rich elite, our government should instead be implementing a crash programme to permit every Jordanian child and adult to have easy, affordable access to the new global playing field—the information superhighway, or at least that part of it that is known as the Internet.

We will meet our national challenges and take advantage of our opportunities only if we successfully unlock and tap the dynamism and creativity that are within every Jordanian individual. Deht write-offs, economic summits, foreign investment, joint projects with Israel, regional development hanks, and other such endeavours are useful and they will belp; hut they cannot possibly form the core of our efforts to translate peace and regional stability into a new era of Jordanian prosperity and self-confidence.

Our salvation lays not primarily in the global economic marketplace; it lays primarily in the old, rich and potentially enormous marketplace of our own ideas, where the currency of personal freedom and initiative is the medium of exchange that will ensure a better future for our children. If there were ever an opportune moment for us to tap our own human wealth in the service of our future generations, this is it,

What future for the Arab League?

By Faris Glubb

THE LEAGUE of Arab States was 50 years old on March 22. But instead of being an occasion for bration, th anniversary was provoking pessimistic questions by Arab commentators about the league's future, and whether it can even survive in the new Middle East order ushered in by the 1990-91 Gulf crisis.

Disappointment is often expressed at the league's failure to resolve that crisis precipitated by the Iraqi invasion of Kuwait, to prevent the fragmentation of the Arab World that resulted, or to achieve inter-Arah reconciciliation since. Iraq's action, indeed, resulted in what many consider the worst disaster in Arab history since Hulagu's destruction of Baghdad in 1258, and placed the Arab countries in their weakest bargaining position in the history of their confrontation with Israel.

There is anxiety over the league's chances of survival hecause of what many Arabs regard as "the malicious aspect of the Arab-Israeli peace process," namely the effort hy the United States and Israel to replace the Arah World's collective identity with a Middle Eastern regional order. This approach was symbolised by the Middle East economic conference in Casablanca last November, which aimed at creating economic condition that would further U.S. and fsraeli aims in the

peace process. It appears that the Arab League, or even any purely Arab collective organisation, would be excluded from such a new regional order. Whether it would be scrapped altogether, or expanded and its mem-beership rules changed in order to accommodate Israel, the Arah League as an organisation to promote the Arab countries' collective interests and protect them from their enemies

would cease to exist.

A mixed record

In its five decades, the Arab League has had a mixed record of successes prevent numerous inter-Arab bloodbaths, like the civil wars in Lebanon and Yemen, and of course the invasion of Kuwait. But it has succeeded in securing some economic, diplomatic and information coordination in the Arab-Israeli conflict, notably in enforcing the Arah boycott of Israel. This is an important Arab bargaining card in the effort to make Israel withdraw from occupied Arab territories. The league has been effective in limiting the extent to which foreign countries and their companies benefit the Israeli

In view of propaganda against this in the West. particularly the U.S., it should be recalled that international law regards a boycott of enemy products

as a perfectly legitimate method of economic war-fare. Indeed, the U.S. has used it more than any other state in modern times, both unilaterally and collectively with other states in a U.N. framework often without dubious justification. The U.S. used to boycott the People's Republic of China, for example. At present it maintains unilateral boycotts of Cuba and Iran because it dislikes their political systems, not be-

cause of any genuine grie-

The desire to ensure the survival and a future role for the Arab League, to prevent further erosion of Arah solidarity and improve the Arah hargaining position in negotiations with Israel, were probably the strongest motivations for the summit conference which King Fahd of Saudi Arabia and Presidents Muharak of Egypt and Asad of Syria held in Alexandria lası December. These points were clearly emphasised by the joint

communique they issued at the end of the summit, in which they "agreed that the role of the Arah League and its institutions should be boosted." The communique also stressed the need ot solve inter-Arah problems and restore Arah solidarity. Many commentators feel

that Arab governments and peoples have been unable to shake off their malaise since the Gulf crisis, and are now passively accepting almost anything imposed on them by the Arah-Israeli peace process. Yet these commentators feel it would be unwise to accept the argument that they should sacrifice the Arab League for the sake of a peace process whose success is by no means guaran-

Short of an unexpected radical change in the situa-tion, the Oslo agreement between the PLO and Israel seems doomed to collapse. It is difficult to imagine the peace process failing in Palestine and suc-ceeding with other Arah countries. Arab governments may be wiser to hase their policies on the calculation that the peace process is more likely to fail than to succeed. If it fails, they will need the Arab League to coordinate Arah efforts to face the difficult circumstances likely to follow. Military coordination in particular will need to be much more effective than hitherto.

Even if the peace process does succeed, the Arab League will still be needed to protect Arab interests. Egypt, for example, is still suspicious of Israel's intentions over nuclear weapons and other issues although there has been a peace treaty between them for 15 years. There are plenty of methods hy which states can undermine each other's interests without going to war, and Israel has shown itself skilled at these.

Middle East International.

Turkey should get out of Iraq

By William Safire

WASHINGTON - The military-dominated government of Turkey has sent at least 35,000 troops, with tanks and F-16s, ioto thenorthern portion of Iraq, That is the "no-fly zone." The ostensible purpose

of the invasion is to kill some 2,500 Kurdish radicals who have been using terror tactics to whip up support for an end to suppression of millions of Kurds within Turkey. That is Ankara's cover story, which the Clinton

State Department naively accepted as the invasion began. Hot pursuit of terrorists drew no objection from Foggy Bottom. Nor were questions asked about the disproportionate amount of force being used or the total press blackout. Soon it will dawn on U.S. diplomats that the Turks are not merely punishing separatist Kurds. If that were the only reason for the attack, Turkey's planes

the Bekaa in Syria's Leba-Turkey's concealed interest is in the control of oil facilities in Kurdish Iraq. Thirty kilometres of pipe-

would hit the bases of the

terrorist PKK in Syria and

line near Faysbkhabur was put beyond Iraq's control. Ankara's generals are eager to do business again with Baghdad. The Kurds are an inconvenience, Because Iraqi President Saddam is prohibited from going in and securing his northern oil facilities. Turkey is doing the job for him. Its forces will stay until Iraqi forces can replace them - if the United States and its allies permit What of the Iraqi Kurds

now being bombed hy Turkey's Tansu Ciller? At a moment when ethnic unity is vital, and when Kurdish leaders have a chance at last to establish an autonomous enclave of democracy - these wonderful people, with their distinct language and culture, are fighting among themselves.

One faction is led by Massoud Barzani, softspoken son of the late Mullah Mustafa Barzani, a legendary chieftain revered by Kurds and their growing legion of supporters. Another is led by Jalal Talabani, smoother and more extroverted than Massoud, and less willing to accommodate the Turks by negotiating with Bagh-

They both oppose the PKK, a Marxist splinter group that is gaining adherents throughout the five-nation area loosely called Kurdistan, thanks to villagers' fury with Turkey's

Mr. Barzani's angry at Mr. Talahani's recent seizure of the parliament building in Iraq's Kurdish capital of Erbil; Mr. Talabani charges that Mr. Barzani is not sharing customs dudes collected from smugglers. Their partisans are shooting at each other. A low-level State Department official tried and failed to restore sanity.

Can this mess be straightened out, with killing stopped, autonomy respected. democracy introduced? America cannot fail to try. A message of Mam Jalal

and Kak Massoud from a longtime friend: Nobody will help you unless you demonstrate you are ready for help. Each of you should fax a letter to President Bill Clinton asking hint to send a high-level envoy to Iraqi Kurdistan. Commit yourselves to abide hy his recommendations about an immediate ceasefire and a governing coalition in parliament pending supervised elections.

If the Kurdish leades make their requests, how respond? Not with a multilateral handoff. Certainly the United States should ask the United Nations to condemn the invasion and send in observers, but more diplomatic muscle is needed.

We can hope that Mr. Clinton would appoint a prestigious and toughminded special envoy (on the order of George Shultz, Sol Linowitz or Jeane Kirkpatrick) to quickly repair the Kurdish split, which is something I am told the warring factions want.

Stopping the Turkish invasion may involve a trip to Syria and Bonn (400,000 Turkish Kurds work in Germany), as well as other European capitals.

Then, in Ankara, the envoy's job would be to persuade Turkey's leaders that conciliation with Kurds and inclusion in Europe is more in the long-term Turkish interest than repression of Kurds at home and an oil deal with Baghdad. Such diplomacy is difficult but doahle. If America doesn't ead the way, who will?

The New York Times.

LETTERS

Setting the record straight

To the Editor:

WITH GREAT interest I have taken note of your article on the recent cabinet reshuffle in Austria in your edition of April 2. The fact that your newspaper has carried this... lengthy report from Reuters is a clear indication that you consider news about our country interesting and important to the readers in Jordan.

The more regrettable is the mistake which occurred in the headline of the article which reads: "New Australian (sic!) ministers presented". Austria is muce.

confused with Australia. But in a country like Jordan which has long-standing close and friendly relations with our has long-standing close and private levels, one would not have been reading to the leading to the news-media. Anyhow, I hope for your continued interest in Austrian affairs so that your readers will always be aware that Austria is not Australia.

> Dr. Michael Stigelbauer, Ambassador of Austria,

Editor's Note: The Jordan Times regrets the error which was due to a typographical mistake.

The Jordan Times welcomes letters and contributions from :: its readers on any subject they wish to tackle. Letters. intended for publication, however, should contain the writer's full name and preferably address as well. Names can be withheld only upon request and under special. circumstances. Letters are subject to editing. The newspaper is not responsible for the return of unused manuscripts.

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SARAJEVO - After three years of anguish and isolation, a long-lost mood is back on Sarajevo's shellscarred streets. It's called confidence, and it has a tough, battle-hardened

Fighting drags on in parts of Bosnia and soon may get worse, but faith in a fastimproving army means the thought of more war no longer terrifies most Sarajevans. The lines of Europe's longest siege in modern times are porous, markets full and munitions stocks abundant.

"We're at psychological advantage," said Kemal Muftic, an adviser to Presideut Alija Izetbegovic's Muslim-dominated govern-ment. "The most difficult part is behind us."

When war broke out in early April 1992, death and deprivation came as a shock to this city of cultural sophistication and multiethnic tolerance. The intelligentsia spearheaded efforts to preserve this heritage amid horrific artillery barrages, but gradually many intellectuals, artists and doctors left.

Now, more than half the city's 300,000 residents are war refugees, many with small-town outlooks and Islamic beliefs more traditional than those of Sarajevo's relatively secular Muslim community.

"The city has changed very mnch," said Lida Berberovic, a resident in the front-line neighbourhood of Dobrinja. "I can walk all the way from one end to the other and not meet anyone I know. That wouldn't have happened before.'

"People bring other customs with them," she said. You have to try to teach them how it used to be

If full-scale war does return after 13 months largely free of attacks by besieging ethnic Serbs, Dobringja is ready, Mrs. Berberovic

"Most of my neighbours think it's about time to solve this with the only alternative left — the milit-ary solution," she said.

"If we managed to survive this far, there's no fear

Doctors at a Sarajevo hospital treat a badly wounded young man who is among thousands of Bosnian Muslims who fell victim to Serbian aggression (AFP photo)

Hard-edged confidence emerges in Sarajevo after 3 years of war

we're going to disappear anytime soon," she added. "Everybody who was scared has run away already."

The new arrivals have provided a loyal constituency for the government's shift to somewhat more ethnically nationalistic policies. Mr. Izetbegovic's Party of Democratic Action has put its followers in key army and business posts and Islam is being taught in the public schools.

Some long-time Sarajevans wonder if their

city ever will retrieve the generous, cosmopolitan spirit that so enraptured visitors at the 1984 Winter Olympics. But they take comfort in the brighter military prospects and im-proved living conditions. Once-barren store

shelves hrim with food, including piles of fresh fruit that were costly treasures early in the war. For those with German marks, chicken, beef and sausage abound at the central meat market for prices not so different from Paris and

No one has to burn books for heat anymore, or lug water from communal taps. Electricity and fuel lines from governmentheld areas outside the city now run through a tunnel under the U.N.-patrolled airport, out of the reach of

Serbs' artillery.
State television news used to show government soldiers in track shoes and mismatched uniforms, equipped with aging rifles. Now they are seen in U.S. army-style helmets and flak jackets, cradling subThe Bosnian army is gaining ground, making Bosnian Serb leader Radovan Karadzic nervous. On Wednesday, Mr. Karadzic threatened an offensive that would include a thrust at Sarajevo.

not afraid. "Our army is not so strong as to win right now

Sarajevans said they are

- we are still much weaker in heavy weapons," said Mehmed Halilovic, editor of the newspaper Oslobodjenje. "But we have more manpower, more motiva-

The former U.N. military commander for Bosnia who left in January, Lt.-General Sir Michael Rose of Britain, told Germany parliament members Tuesday that it would take Bosnian government forces a minimum of four years to regain lost territory.

Mr. Halilovic said there is no option but to fight.

"Even small victories can increase pressure, equalise the competition. The people are pronder — they feel more confident if the army is capable of advancing," he

said. A peaceful settlement is preferable, "but we don't have a choice. We have to face the challenge."

Mr. Halilovic, whose newspaper has earned international respect for publishing steadily throughout the war, said there had been some abuses of Serbs and Croats in the city, but not on a systematic hasis.

"In a town under siege for 36 months, there is a kind of confusion, maybe a lot of inconsistency in policy," be said. "But those in the Democratic Action Party

who favour ethnic nationalism aren't powerful enough to impose it."

Yet the pervasiveness of military influence, coupled with the exodus of so many artists, kindles unease about the future.

"This was a place for new music, new writing. That was the Sarajevo spirit," said Amela Siber, 24, forced by the war to quit ber university studies in English literature. "Now almost all these people are gone. All my friends have left. It's not really my city anymore."

As conditions decline, press is targeted in West Africa

By Tîna Susman The Associated Press

ABIDJAN, Ivory Coast -Roland Martin says he wanted to boost the morale of the Sierra Leone army. so he searched his files. found a picture of a combat-ready soldier and printed it on the front page of his newspaper. His mistake was choosing

a picture of a soldier who — unbeknownst Mr. Martin — had defected to the rebel movement a few months earlier. Mr. Martin, editor of Freetown's Weekend Spark newspaper, ended up jailed on suspicion of involvement with the Revolutionary United Front.

To Sierra Leon's government, Mr. Martin's possession of the picture was enough reason to arrest him. To Mr. Martin and other journalists in West Africa's politically volatile countries, it was another case of an embattled government silencing the news media for exposing its

With the region beset by civil wars, military dicttorshsips and economic decline, the freer press that democracy era of the late 1980s and early '90s is finding itself increasingly muz-

At least 12 journalists have been detained in Ivory Coast, Gambia, Ghana, Sierra Leone and Nigeria in the past month. Since 1994, West Africa governments have seized dozens of magazines and newspapers, deported journalists, and closed independent radio stations in Cameroon, Togo: Gambia, Mali and Gabon.

"While glasnost in Africa has allowed for an unprecedented mushrooming of independent and opposition publications and radio stations, political leaders, unaccustomed to strident criticism, still tend to lash out" the Committee to Protect Journalists says in a report on attacks on the media in 1994.

Adam Feinstein, who edits a monthly publication of the International Press Institute that monitors press conditions worldwide, said the press is always a scapegoat for gov-

"They can't blame themselves for the problems, so

they have to blame somebody else.

West African governments have recently turned to the courts rather than use overt force to silence the media.

Nowhere has this been felt more strongly than in Ivory Coast, where five newspaper journalists were convicted last month of offences ranging from insulting the president to inciting unrest. Four received sentecnes ranging from 10 months to 12 months in prison.

That outraged international media organisations as well as Ivorian jouranlists, who say advances made under President Felix Houphoury-Boigny are disappearing under his successor, Henri Bedie.

"During the time of Houphouet-Boigny, the independent press was just starting out," said Raphael Lape, editor-in-chief of the opposition newspapers La Voie and Le Nouvel Horizon. "By the time he died, the government was beginning to feel at ease with it. But with Bedie, it seems like we've taken 1,000 steps backward.1

The Committee to Protect Journalists describes press freedom as having declined considerably since Mr. Bedie took office in December 1993. In Mr. Bedie's first year, seven journalists were convicted on criminal charges tied to

their articles.

"We live under constant threat," said Mr. Lakpe. The dark, dingy La Voie building, with cobwebs in the corners of narrow corridors and faded green paint peeling from the walls, testifies to the disadvantages faced by opposition media. Just down the road, the pro-government daily Fraternite Martin occupies

a sprawling, gleaming-

white compound.

Last year's 50 per cent currency devaluation in the former French colonies of the region led to a doubling of prices for ink, paper and other equipment, compunding problems for the independent press. Official media were not immune three state-owned newspapers in Congo closed but they were able to get government subsidies not available to the independent press.

In the region's Anglophone countries, political turmoil has taken a similar toll on the media.

Mr. Martin, the Sierra Leonean editor, was jailed March 13 and freed 10 days later. No charges were filed, but he remains under investigation. In January, two Sierra Leonean journalists were arrested for articles that accused the country's military rulers of partying while rebels launched a major offensive.

Ghana's first independent radio station was closed in a police raid in December and its founder briefly jailed. In February, Kwabena Mensah-Bonsu, a lawyer and newspaper columnist, was sentenced to a month in prison with hard labour for articles deemed contemptuous of some suprreme court decisions.

At least two journalists were detained in an alleged coup plot in Nigeria in March. And three journalists were detained in Gambia late in the month.

The closure of radio stations is a particularly effective government tool for affecting public opinion, because the region's high illiteracy rate results in most people relying on radio for news.

s there oil under the queen's bed?

By Dirk Beveridge The Associated Press

GERRARDS CROSS, England — Desmond Oswald doesn't quite understand what all the fuss is about. He thinks there's oil under Windsor Castle so he'a going to drill a bole and find out.

Queen Elizabeth II has given her blessing, but a number of her subjects think it's about time to rebel. The very idea of searching for oil under one of England's most-eberished landmarks is "appalling," if you ask Elizabeth Still, a Berkshire county councillor.

Mr. Oswald looks at things from a purely geological pers-pective. In his mind, the only pertinent issues are whether he can find oil - which be calculates at about a 1 in 8 shot — and if, so whether he

can produce it.
"What I've got is geologic structure sitting here that hasn't been drilled," Mr. Oswald said in an interview. "It's something that should be drilled. In any other place in the world, it would have been drilled long ago."

This is the same outlook Mr. Oswald took into the oil fields of Libya and Iran during a career that spanned three decades with Chevron Corp. Mr. Oswald, who admits to being "70ish," took early retirement from San Francisco-based Chevron during the oil bust of the mid-1980s.

Why drill under Windsor Castle? Why not? Mr. Oswald

Tm interested in this geology not to become a bilhonaire. If it works, it would be the highlight of mycareer." Like most major oil com-

pany geologists, Mr. Oswald was accustomed to being safely anonymous, and all the attention the Windsor project is getting has caught him off

Big oil companies have layers of executives monitoring projects each step of the way. Thus, nobody gets credit for a good deal but nobody is saddled with the blame when a company hlows millions on a bad prospect.

At a big oil company, "if I get an idea to drill for oil and the president of the company approves it, if there's no oil, he doesn't fire me — he approved it," Mr. Oswald

When oil is found, the oil company may issue a terse press release and that's that. Mr. Oswald says he didn't realise things would be any different on this deal - his first since leaving Chevron.
"I had thought the whole

thing could be done quite quietly. I thought we could just get on with the joh, then if one found something it would generate a certain amount of attention." For a while, he was right.

Mr. Oswald, a native of Calgary, Canada, hegan work on the project in 1989 by setting up a private com-pany — Canuk Exploration Ltd. He then cornered the rights to find oil under the castle by gaining a licence that kept any competitors from getting in on the deal as long as Mr. Oswald follows a timetable acceptable to Brit-

ish regulators. Initially, Mr. Oswald was able to study seismic tests without getting onto the castle grounds. But then came the delicate matter of gaining permission from the Crown Estate Commission, which manages royal properties.

"I pointed out that I had a licence and I meant to exercise that licence and I would be able to advance without being detrimental for them. I pointed out it was unfortunate that the exploration well. had to be located right on the castle grounds.

"They had a lot of reservations, but we discussed it and they said subject to certain conditions they would be amenable to it."

His efforts gained only minor attention in the local newspapers. But late last year, as soon as it became time for Mr. Oswald to get an actual drilling permit, the critics started complaining. Britain's feisty national

press got bold of the story, filling newspapers with car-toons that showed the queen wearing a cowboy hat and bobnobbing with J.R. Ewing, the oil tycoon from the TV show "Dallas." Stories speculated about the tranquil gardens of Windsor Castle being defiled by oil pumping units, known in Britain as

nodding donkeys. Mr. Oswald says the attacks were coming from uninformed and illinformed scientists" although one strong objection came from a county councillor. Jim Lennox, a former oil company executive who has been wells blow up and doesn't want this happening at the 900-year-old castle.

Mr. Oswald plays down any possibility of a blowout and says images of an oil boom in Windsor are overstated.

Despite the uproar, Berkshire county planning offi-cials gave Mr. Oswald the go-ahead. If he finds oil, he will need further permission to produce it. He says that can be done at a discreet distance from the castle, by drilling at an angle.

The initial drilling will cost about \$800,000, Mr. Oswald believes. The results could be lucrative. Mr. Oswald estimates the rocks under Windsor Castle could contain 50 million barrels of oil or more — although nobody ever knows such things for certain until they drill.

Mr. Oswald's optimism is based on seismic tests that have couvinced him that Windsor Castle sits about 300 metres above a reservoir. First, Mr. Oswald will have to drill through 230 metres of chalk, then expects to hit 70 metres of clay hefore reaching a 30 metre layer of sandstone where he hopes to find oil.

This is the same geologic pattern that extends toward the south, where British Petroleum produces oil from Britain's higgest onshore field, Wytch Farm, albeit from much deeper and older rock lavers.

Hamas pledges 'revenge' bers were seriously wounded as explosives being handled

(Continued from page 1)

nian National Authority (PNA) denied Hamas allegations that they had conspired to set off the blast.

"To finger Israel as the Dr. Wichael Mark responsible party is total nonsense." Israeh Foreign Minister Shimon Peres said.

Ambariador of the "Instead of killing other people, those gentlemen killed themselves and thank heaven they did not kill other

Tanan Jacobs Miles "We must take into account the risk that Hamas wants to carry out attacks after the Gaza incident. Security forces are on the alert to confront attacks," Mr. Rabin said after a session of parliament's foreign affairs

and defence committee. He told journalists that Israel had nothing to do with Sunday's blast.

Israel Radio said Israeli security services also feared a wave of attacks.

"We are ready for any eventuality," an advisor to Police Minister Moshe Shahal told AFP, asking to remain anonymous.

Hamas urged people to march at symbolic funerals defying a Palestinian police ban on demonstrations.

But as a precaution Palestinian police earlier quietly buried the bodies of Kheil and three other militants killed in the blast.

A woman and child also died and two Hamas memby the militants went off, Palestinian police said.

A member of Mr. Arafat's Fateh group denounced the group as "irresponsible extremists who had an accident at work."

Palestinian police are hoping the two wounded Hamas men will reveal what happened as a Palestinian inquiry was opened. In Paris, the Palestinian

representative in France condemned the militants who died in the blast, but said there was no way of stopping them carrying out such activi-

Leila Shahid added, however, that Israel had to take some responsibility, accusing it of having sup-

ported Hamas against the PLO and of having supplied arms to the region. She said the blast "cost the

lives of children, and showed the Palestinian population of Gaza how much the presence of this sort of madman ... endangers them." Stressing that they could

not be controlled, she said civilian support was essential if such incidents were to be eradicated. "The most important thing is to have the collaboration of the civilian population," she said. She added that stopping

attacks was impossible. "There is no way to prevent attacks either in Israel or the Palestinian territories," she said. "There is no miracle solution to prevent the

Aziz urges U.N. to better offer

(Continued from page 1) Although he lost every case, all the prisoners were later pardoned by President Saddam Hussem.

Mr. Jarjees's visits Monday followed an Iraqi decision to extend the appeal period to one month from the normal 14 days. Iraqi officials in Baghdad

ment on the case. However, in Athens, Greece, Iraqi Ambassador Issam Saud Khalil denied his country was using the Americans in their campaign to secure the lifting of the U.N. embargo agaiost his country.

were not available for com-

Oil industry changing rapidly - Price Waterhouse

ADELAIDE (R) - Sales of state-owned petroleum operations will change the world oil industry over the rest of the decade and lead to new alliances, the chairman of Price Waterhouse's World Petroleum Group said Mon-

James Crump told the Australian Petroleum Exploration Association's (APEA) annual conference that crude oil prices have been falling in real terms since 1980, prompting a desperate need for funds to upgrade facilities and cut debt.

But with oil prices expected to remain flat in coming years due to modest ecnnomic activity, he said, the industry had to step up the

pace of change and go global.
"There will be increasingly fierce competition for scarce private sector capital as reformist governments kick out the sagging props from under state-run oil and gas enterprises and phase out unrealistic subsidies for petroleum products," Mr. Crump said in speech to the conference.

The push towards globalisation is driven by the twin goals to cut exploration and development costs and find an elephant oil or gas field," .

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Mr. Crump said a Price Waterhouse and Petroleum Intelligence Weekly survey of 80 companies from 39 countries controlling 75 per cent of world production showed that 78 per cent of reserves were held by 10 state -owned companies, the largest being Saudi Aram∞.

The top 10 holders of natural gas reserves were also state-owned. Russia's Gazprnm was the biggest with output eight times as large as second-placed Rnyal Dutch/ Shell and reserves exceeding those of Iran or Qatar.

Mr. Crump said the privatisation push was strongest in Latin America.

Peru's government was committed to privatising Petroperu, Argentina's YPF made an international nffering of 59 per cent in 1993, and Brazil was considering selling more Petrobras shares.

He said Asia-Pacific nations were also looking to

Late last year China sold 25 per cent of the equity in Zhenhai Refining and Pet-rochemical and in 1993 floated 30 per cent of Shanghai Pet-

He said Taiwan's Chinese

Petroleum Corp. reportedly planned to sell a minority holding in 1997 and Malaysia's Petronas to hold a further float after selling part of its retail arm in 1993.

ments werel reducing their stakes in oil. Spain was set to further reduce its bolding in Repsol and Hungary planned to dis-

Even in Europe, govern-

pose of shares in MOL. Crump said the move to privatisation, as well as globalisation, was creating nontraditional alliances, such as the Aramco/Texaco joint venture Star Enterprises and

the Pemex-Shell venture. These and other alliances seek to match supply with demand for petroleum pro-ducts," he said. "Expect to see more such alliances in the vears ahead.

Mr. Crump said the growth of natural gas as a power feedstock was also bringing significant change to the industry.

He said by 2010 natural gas was expected to provide more than a quarter of power generation in the main Pacific

region economies, including Australia, Jap., and New

But Egyptians would have

"We are both fully committed to democracy, but it seems to mean something different here than it does in Europe...in Europe it means replacing a government when people think that's good," he

EU presses Egypt to open up trade, offers help

CAIRO (R) - The European Union (EU) is pressing Egypt to eliminate tariff barriers with Europe by the year 2010 in return for billions of European Currency Units in aid to help Egyptian industries compete with their European rivals.

The European Union made the offer in a draft "partnership" agreement presented in Cairo Saturday at the start of two days of preliminary negotiations. EU officials said Monday.

The agreement, similar to one signed with Turkey and to those under negotiation with Morocco and Tunisia. would also remove the remaining restrictions on Egypt's exports to the EU, bringing Egypt into a Mediterraneaen-European free trade zone.

"So far the Egyptians have one big: concern — how to open up their market without their industry going down the drain," one EU official told Reuters on the sideliens of a a seminar at which the Europeans explained their plans to Egyptian businessmen.

The EU's Mediterranean director, Eberhard Rhein, told the seminar Monday that Europe, acting out of "enlightened self-interest." wanted to close the gap in prosperity between the northern and southern shores of the Mediterranean.

to do most of the work themselves, including such steps as political democratisation and iberalising the media, he

'And as a benevolent but

still very far from taking part in the global society," he added.

But the most complicated part of the economic transformation would be preparing Egyptian industry, protected by a customs duty regime where rates of 70 per cent are common, he said.

"The (Egyptian) government must resolutely step out of business and let businesses do what they do best. The duty of government is only to fix the conditions of a level playing-field," he added.

"Europe has a big respon-sibility to help you live up to the challenge...we can offer billions of European Currency Units to mobilise those wbo want to participate," he said.

Egyptian businessmen at the seminar complained that the European Union, while welcoming the free movement of goods and capital. baulked at the free movement of labour.

"We've come to the limits of the multicultural society, Mr. Rhein replied, "I cannot imagine we will have free movement of labour in my lifetime, or the lifetime of anyone in this room."

EU officials said that in practice the only remaining restrictions on Égyptian exports were on cotton yarn and cloth, where Egypt exercises voluntary restraints, and on oranges, where Egypt exceeds a duty-free quota.

But some European diplomats at the seminar said they doubted the Egyptian gov ernment has the will to open up its market. They will have to throw

out 80 per cent of their legislation. That's the challenge. As long as business remains stifled by government, they just won't make it," said one.

The negotiators will meet again in Brussels in July, with experts working on the agree-

Industrial nations feel the heat at climate talks

ing a consensus working from

the developing country

He stressed Germany did

not accept all the contents of

the draft. But by saying it was

a useful basis for negotiations

he set the EU clearly apart

from the United States and

out it under increasing press-

ure to make concrete propos-

The EU applied further

leverage with comments from

its Environment Commis-

sioner Ritt Bjerregaard. Sbe

wrote in the daily Frankfur-

ther Rundschau that the EU

should cut emissions by a

further 10 per cent between

The German hosts hope

the Berlin conference will

produce a mandate for a

negotiating procedure lead-

ing within two years to an internationally binding cli-

an acceptance that a pledge

made by industrialised coun-

tries in 1992 at the Rio "Earth Summit" — to cut

emissions to 1990 levels by

the year 2000 — is not adequ-

ate to prevent dangerous

man-made climate changes.

Even this modest goal still looked remote Monday,

making it increasingly likley

that the 60 or more ministers

due on Wednesday for the

last three days of the confer-

ence would have to untangle

ress at the conference is the

continued failure so far to

agree on a voting procedure.

out for consensus voting be-

cause they fear losing mar-

kets if commitments are

made to cut CO2 emmissions.

Oil producers are bolding

A further obstacle to prog-

the knot.

They want this to include

mate protocol.

the year 2000 and 2010.

als soon.

BERLIN (R) — Industrialised nations scrambled Monday to put together a response to proposals from developing countries that threaten to seize the initiative at the U.N.'s global climate conference.

At least 60 developing nations backed a proposal under which they would unequivocally take on oo new commitments on cutting emissions of so-called 'greenhouse gases'' while richer natioos would be asked to make steep cuts.

The draft brings together almost all major developing countries present at the 11day Berlin conference, including regional powers India and China but excluding the group of oil procedures.

Almost two days after it was drawn up, deeply divided industrialised countries still bad no unified answer or proposal of their own for bow to prevent the long-term climate change which scientists say may have catastrophic effects.

"There'll be discussion of the draft and we'll see what comes up," chief U.S. nego-tiator Rafe Pomerance said.

The United States, the world's biggest producer of carbon dioxide, the main greenbouse gas and a product of fossil fuel burning, has refused to commit itself to any cut in emissions next century but has pushed for developing countries to do

It bas found allies in other leading CO₂ producers such as Australia, Canada, Japan and New Zealand but has so far not managed to bridge the gap to the European Union (EU), an advocate of clear reduction commitmeets.

Erbard Jauck, chief negotiator of EU member and cooference host Germany, said be expected the conference to "concentrate its busi-

takes lion's share of Syrian investment ness more and more on find

Industry

DAMASCUS (R) — Private sector investors in Syria pumped more than 233 billion Syrian pounds (\$5.54 bil-lion) into 1,252 projects over the past 42 months as the government eased state con-

Mobammed Surakbi, director of the Supreme Council of Investment, told Reuters investors put most money into the industrial sector, spending 156.1 billion pounds (\$3.71 billion), or 67 per cent of overall investments, on over 600 projects in the food, textile, chemical, engineering and medical sec-

"What we achieved during the last three and a half years is very encouraging," Surakbi said.

He said the government bad recently allowed the private sector to invest in statedominated sectors such as the textile, cement, and sugar industries in addition to marine transport in a bid to move towards a free market eco-

The Syrian government has passed several laws aimed at encouraging private sector investment in the country, which for decades followed centralised, socialist-style economic policies.

Economic sources say private investors welcome much laws bot were eager for more

The sources estimate that Syrians have over \$100 billion in overseas banks and were waiting for a better investment climate to bring their money home.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR TUESDAY APRIL 4, 1995

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Early you should schedule your

assignment load, and then carry through with it without deviating. Find some new method for increasing your vitality. TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Find new ways of getting your

nf your activities today.

GEMINI: (May 21 in June 21) Early get some important matter handled at home and later show poise io handling tasks in the outside world.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Communicate with others this mnrning and be certain your manner with partners is geotle and kind. Much care must be exercised in driving nr walking. LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Early handling of financial affairs is wise and later dn not take on any more obligations than you can

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Get started oo your personal plans early this morning since later today conditions are apt to be difficult. Postpone any appointments until later.

LIBRA: (September 23 tn October 22) Plan today widely and carry through though you may encounter distractions this evening. Handle the tasks which will give you more free time.

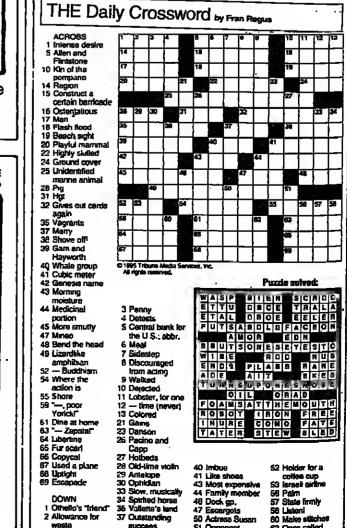
SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Look to a good friend for the assistance you need this morning since you find acquaintances are out reliable.

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Gel outside tasks handled this morning, and don't get upset later if a higher-up upbraids you without cause or reason. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) You get an idea early today but later you see the flaws in it, so put it aside for a while and pick it up another day when there are more benefits.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Try to please your mate this morning, and then handle your duties efficiently and conscientiously so there is great progress.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Have long talks today with a partner so that the relationship is upgraded and there will be greater benefits for you tomorrow.

Birthstone of April: Diamond - Amethyst



Dollar drops to new lows

LONDON (R) — The dollar 4.7 per cent to its lowest since dropped to new lows Monday August 1992.
despite repeated intervention The streogth of the yen, by the U.S. Federal Reserve which has appreciated by 17 action to belp the currency would have to be on a very big scale to change the market's mood.

The dollar fell to 86 yen in U.S. trading, its bumblest level since World War II. Treasory Secretary Robert Rubin said the United States bad intervened in currency markets because "this administration believes a strong dollar is in America's in-

For the first time since February 1992 the U.S. central bank intervened in Asian markets, buying dollars in Tokyo overnight.

At the end of the European trading day, dealers in New York said the Federal Reserve was again active in international markets, aggressively buying dollars

for marks. They said there was no sign of any European central bank joining the Fed to support the

"I don't expect much change in sentiment unul we get the U.S. administration not only telling but also convincing the market that they want a stronger dollar," Peter Wood, a dealer at Bank of

Tokyo stock market dropped

Bostoo in London, said. With the dollar sliding almost continuously, the

(Fed) and dealers said any per cent since the beginning of the year, threatened to squeeze Japanese exporters' profits and throttle a shaky

conomic recovery. Failure by the Bank of Japan to follow Germany's example last week and chop a key interest rate was the latest trigger for the dollar's

Some dealers argued that a U.S. rate rise could bail out the dollar. But many economists believe eveo that would not halt the currency's decline, which they bink to the United States' big trade and budget deficits and the country's dependence on foreign capital to finance its

economy. The markets will be closely watching U.S. jobs data on Friday for a guide to the performance of the U.S. eco-

Worries about the weak-ness of the dollar and Japanese shares spilled over nto Europe's stock markets, which showed modest gains

on low trading volume.
"There's very little activity in the market today," said one London share dealer. 'The dollar and what happened in Japan overnight are

the main worries." In Frankfurt, dealers said floor trade was minimal with investors transfixed by the

dollar's continued weakness despite last Thursday's Ger-

man rate cut. In Tokyo, intervention to hold down the yen increased Japan's foreign exchange reserves by \$15.58 billion in March from the figure in February, taking the total to a record high amount.

The reserves rose for the 17th consecutive month to \$141.52 billion, the Finance Ministry said Monday.

The new rise, the biggest ever recorded in Japao, broke the previous record of \$10.23 billion set in April 1987. The figure means that the country's reserves bave climbed by 39 per cent from the figure in March 1994 of

\$101.7 billion. The increase followed February's rise which shattered the previous record for foreign reserves of \$125,2 billion set by Germany io September 1992.

Japan's Finance Ministry traditionally refuses to comment on the reasons for floctuations in the reserves, but March's spectacular increase came after the Bank of Japan bad intervened massively to support the flagging dollar.

The central bank bas repeatedly stepped ioto the market in recent weeks, buying dollars against the soaring ven in a bid to constrain the fall of the dollar.

critical observer, I would say that judging by the newspaper my hotel gives me, you are ment in the meantime. U.N. report sees 4% growth

GENEVA (AFP) - The average four per ceot real growth in gross domestic product (GDP) reached by East Eoropean countries last year will continue this year, thanks to the strength of their direct foreign investment, a United Nations report said Monday.

The study issued by the U.N. Economic Commission for Europe said that in 1994, growth of real GDP in East uropean countries as a whole, excloding the Com-monwealth of Independent State (CIS), bad been posi-

tive for the first time since 1989.

rate continuing in East Europe

Those countries have oow come through the bardest part of the transition from communism to a market economy approach, the report exports and despite lower said, through it noted that growth rates vary widely between five per cent in Poland and Slovenia and stagnation in Bulgaria and Croatia.

> The good performance of exports from the region shows the "dynamism of its markets and better access cooditions" for its products on outside markets, said commission secretary-general

THE BETTER HALF

GLASBERGEN

Yves Berthelot: in speaking to correspondents.

He said foreign investment in the region had been "disappointing, low in volume nad concentrated in just a few countries," failing to become the driving force in East European ecooomics that had been hoped for at the start of hte present de-

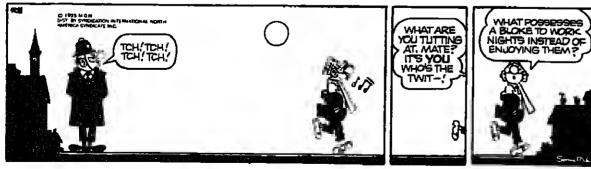
Direct Foreign investment will be onlyn \$4.3 billion this year against \$5 billion last year, be said. This led Mr. Berthelot to recommend the East European countries base their policies and strategy on national savings.

By Glasbergen

Peanuts

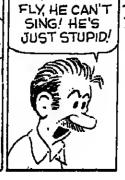


Andy Capp

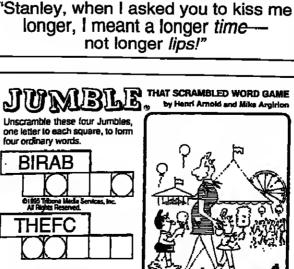


Mutt'n'Jeff









RYLAIF WHAT THE KIDS OOKED FORWARD TO AT THE ANNUAL CARNIVAL UMRADA Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sug-gested by the above carroon.

> Print answer here: 【 (Answers tomorrow) Jumbles: SNARL PARKA TALLOW POLICE Where the candidates stood before the election - POLLS APART

usiness

of economic news om the Arabic press

overnment) invite vestors o develop)ead Sea hore soon

दः AThe Jordan Valley Auority will next week invite ose interested in investing the eastern shore of the ead Sea to fill the necessary rms. Water and Irrigation linister Saleh Irsheidat said in s ministry, in cooperation . ith the ministries of plan-- ing and tourism and antiuities, would provide all the ecessary facilities to all locil. Arah and foreign invesenable them to utilise - ne shore for touristic and nedical treatment purposes.
The mioister said studies rere underway to specify - inonties and prepare infrasructure designs for the first : hase of a project to develop 32-kilometre long area tarting from the northern art of the shore (Al Ra'i).

* ** THE HIGHER exhange rate for the German nark and other European purrencies have increased the costs of many medicines and paby foods. The price of Cérélac, for example, has gooe up by 15 per cent or, 100 fils (Al Dustour).

IF CAR tyres are to be ncluded among the safety parts that are being considered for exemption from austoms, prices of new tyres will drop by between 20 to 30 per cent. Tyre dealers and raders say a tyre now costing D 35 will be selling for JD 25 while another costing JD 25 -: will drop to JD 18 if ex-· -= empted from customs. Omar Tliyyan, a tyre agent, says prices will be positively and noticeably affected with a tyre new priced at JD 30 - going down to JD 20 (Al

SCOPE

☆☆ THE HOUSING and Urhan Development Corporatioo executed 95 projects consisting of 35,000 housing uoits over the past 20 years. According to the corporation's director general, these projects, which cost JD 300 million, benefitted 225,000 people. He said that the corporation's future plans for the coming five years ioclude executiog 21 housing projects all over the Kingdom (Al ---- Aswaq).

** THE MUNICIPALITY of Greater Amman (MoGA) earned ahout JD 1 million from fees imposed on signs placed on shops, side roads and electric poles. The MoGA charges JD 10 per square metre on signs placed on shops, JD 50 per year on each side-road sign and JD 20 a year on a pole-sign. According to a MoGA official, the sign fee should he paid hy the person whose eme appears on the trade licence and, as such, MoGA considers the signs placed by a third party as a private agreement between that party and the licencees (Al Aswaq).

> AAL MAFRAQ Food Injustries Company has com-bleted its registration procefures and was given the right o operate by the comptroller of Companies. The first poard of directors comprises; The Amman Bank for Investneots, Al Masira Investment Company, Al Zahra' Real Estate Investment Company, he National Portfolio Secur ties Company, the Fertile Prescent Company, the Jorlan Marketiog Corporation, Mafraq Agricultural Comany, Dr. Maher Shukri and Ahmad Al Taher. The comany's capital is JD 12 milon, of which 75 per cent was aid. The founders have con-D 7 million, of the capital in ind equity and JD 2 million. ≥presenting 17 per cent of ne capital, in cash. The comany's objectives are to protice citrus concentrates in eneral and orange in paralar and packing justice as as producing grapefruit ices, hummos (chickpeas). ol (fava beans), tomato aste and tomato sauce (Al

Strong gold market may not be ready to soar

LONDON (R) — The gold clear move by the U.S. Federal Reserve (Fed) cenmarket is in its strongest huying phase for months hut might not be ready to push beyond \$400 an ounce, bullioo analysts said Monday. Gold bullion was fixed at \$392.25 an ounce Monday, its highest level since October 1993. A week ago it was \$10

lower and languishing.

Angust 1993.

high of \$5.3015 an ounce.

racing towards \$400 for gold,

"The \$400 price could come a little too quickly. It

would be better if prices con-solidated here for a while,"

said Andy Smith, precious metals analyst with Union

Gold began to glow after

the Bundeshank lowered in-

terest rates last Thursday,

ninting that the most

nflation-conscious central

bank in the world might be

easing its grip.
"Weat potential investors

are looking for are signs that monetary policy is easing

(and therefore the risk of

inflation is higher). A lot of

potential gold huyers were

waiting for signs of weakness

by the Bundesbank," Mr.

Investment funds rushed to

huy gold after the foreign

exchange markets sent the

dollar to even lower levels

against the mark than before

the Germao interest rate cut.

The combination of no

Jordan Times

Cairo Amman Bank

Smith pointed out.

Financial

Markets

Currency

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Currency

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Swedish Krons

Italian Lira

Beigian Franc

Other Carrencies

Eshratni Digas

Lebanese Liss'

Kavalil Dinar

Quiaci Riyai

Ociazii filyal

UAE Dirhom

Greek Druckma

Cypriol Pasud

Rasplice Pound

Sapói Riyai

Currenc

French Franc

European Currency Unit

USD/Oz JD/Gm^e Metal

European Curreny Unit

Bank of Switzerland.

Silver was at a five-month Now the market pulse is was profoundly week. Gold has traditionally been a value not seen since the peak of the last buli market in

a safe haven in times of inflation and currency turmoil. But high interest rates reduce its attractions again interest yielding assets like bonds. Ted Arnold, analyst at Merrill Lynch Futures Research, said gold prices

woold be triggered but with a ceiling at around \$395. "European and Asian trad-ers are taking the view that gold will be a good two-day market for some time to come. The trick is getting out before the Fed raises rates,"

Gold producers were also watching closely trying to judge when to sell gold for delivery at future dates to lock in current attractive prices.

are waiting too. But anywhere above \$395 should see the volumes increase," a dealer said. "That could cap the rally there unless the funds really get the hit between their teeth."

tral bank to support the dollar and the Bundesbank lowering its rates "must be the happiest signs for gold for many, many months," Mr.

He noted that both dollarpriced gold and oil were at their highest of the year which the investor would see as an indication the dollar

seemed to have established a base at \$385 where huying

Mir. Arnold said.

"It looks as though they

Tokyo

CLOSC 3/4/95

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Date: 3/4/1995

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Date: 3/4/1995

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New York

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1,4270

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86.60

Top executives quit as Barings report drags on

LONDON (R) — Peter Baring and Andrew Tuckey, the two men who led the once prestigious Bariogs Investment Bank, Monday had their resignations fioally accepted by the new owners Internationale Nederlanden Groep (ING).

The two had offered their resignations as soon as ING took over last month but had been asked to stay on until the British authorities came up with a report on the disastrous derivatives trading by their trader in Singapore, Nick Leeson, that pushed Bariogs to the brink.

But no report oo the events is now likely for months and Mr. Baring and Mr. tuckey decided to go sooner rather than later.

Sources close to Barings say ING is dismayed that the Board of Bankiog Supervi-sion is not expected to complete its iovestigation for another two mooths because this is restricting the rehabi-litation of the Barings name in the financial markets.

The board comprises three Bank of England (BOE) members - the governor, deputy governor and the director in charge of banking supervisioo, Brian Quinn. BOE Goveroor Eddie

George said last weel: that he board would not finish investigating the Barings sagator two months. He added that the report oo the lessons to he learnt from the investigation could take a further three months to compile. The Back of England says

the hoard's task is a complex one and insists it had not indicated that the report would be available sooner. But staff at Barings are unhappy that a cloud will be

hanging over the bank for months to come.

'The investigation is taking a very long time," said ooe source close to Barings, "and some clients were not happy that prominent members of the old guard were

But sources made it clear that the oressure for Mr. Baring and Mr. Tuckey to depart had not come from

"ING itself is relatively relaxed," one Barings source said. "They have put oo pressure on at all but the fact that the report is going to take so long meant it was difficult for those who may figure prominently to hang

Both Mr. Baring and Mr. Tuckey have severed their links with Barings PLC, the old Barings holding company which is still under adminis-tration, and Mr. Bariog has also cut the cord from the Barings part of ING where he had been a member of a committee advising the board of the new Baring Holding Company Ltd.

Mr. Bering had devoted his whole working life to the bank which carried his family's name and had speot ocar-5 15 years as chairman. A sweat retirement backoned but the scandal of hundreds of millions of pounds lost in derivatives trading on Far East markets has left those plans in tatters.

Mr. Tuckey, who over recent years has been credited with developing Barings into a modern investment bank, was more involved with the daily running of Barings since ING tookover.

AMMAN FINANCI	AL MAR	KET	
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Jordan National Bank / New	1631	7484	7.570 0.290
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MIODLE EAST INVESTMENT BANK.	3000	4315	1,450 1.450
THE HOUSING BANK	9850	61504	8.215 6.240
JORDAN KUWAIT BANK	15400	44662	2.930 2.900
JORDAN GULF BANK	16800	22825	1.300 1.350
JORDAN ISLAMIC BANK	59151	234646	3.950 3.960
Business bank	3850	13518	3.500 3.500
Jordan investment & Finance Bank	2450	9178	3.650 3.710
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oullion markets N	ionday.	
U.S. \$1.00 costs	1.3984/94	Ç
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	5.4533/83	_ [
One sterling	\$1.6170/90	

One ounce of gold \$392.10/392.50

Canadian dollar Deutschemarks Dutch guilders _ Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

Seles attacker freed

HAMBURG (AP) — The man convicted of stabbing tennis-star Monica Seles remained free Monday on a two-year suspended prison sentence after a judge rejected an appeal by prosecutors and the injured athlete's attorney to put the attacker in prison.

Judge Gertraut Goering upheld the sentence given in October 1993 to east German Guenter Parche after he knifed Seles in the back during a tennis tournament, so that his idol, German tennis player Steffi Graf, could again he-

CONTRACTOR STATE OF S

come No. 1 in the world. Seles, 21, bas not played. professional tennis since:

She and prosecutors had appealed Parche's conviction on a charge of grievous bodily injury, asking for a conviction of attempted manslaughter, and a prison term instead of a suspended sentence.

The judge said testimony from Seles herself would have been needed to convict Parche on a more se-

"We assume that Par-

File photo showing security personnel arresting Guenter Parche (centre) who attacked and stabbed then world No. 1 Monica Seles with a

Seles is not able to play tennis anymore, but this can't be said with certainty because Miss Seles was not willing to testify in court.' the judge said.

Seles wrote a letter to the court, saying Parche's attack had "destroyed my

The judge accepted testimony by police officers and psychiatrists who said that. aside from his fixation on Graf and Seles, Parche was harmless.

"The evaluations were both positive. Both experts



File photo showing Monica Seles grimacing in pain after she was stabbed at the Hamburg Open April 1993 (AFP photo)

moved to do something like

that again," the judge said. 'We can't rule out that he meant to do more than he did to Miss Seles, hut we also can't prove this," the

judge said. The judge said Parche's confession and his written letter of apology to Seles counted to his credit.

Prosecutor Rolf Rosenk-

ranz had acknowledged in his closing arguments, from the previous life of the accused, there is nothing to show that he was

But Rosenkranz said the 40-year-old Parche should imprisoned because he had carefully planned the attack, because it was carried out in public, and was part hased on political prejudices.

Parche had spoken of his dislike of Serbs. Seles, an ethnic Hungarian, was born in the Serbian area of Yugoslavia and is now an American citizen.

On April 30, 1993, Parche stabbed Seles, then 19 years old, in the hack while she was sitting on a bench during a hreak in her match at a tournament at Hamhurg's Rothenhaum sta-

Seles' psychologist, Jerry Russel May, of Reno, Nevada, testified that she was suffering posttraumatic stress disorder. She has trouble doing normal, public daily tasks, such as going to the grocery store. May testified. But homicide detective

Rolf Bauer, who headed

the interrogation of Parche after the attack, testified at the appeal hearing that Parche had givne a credible explanation that he didn't want to maim Seles for life, only put her out of action until Graf could regain the top spot in women's tennis.

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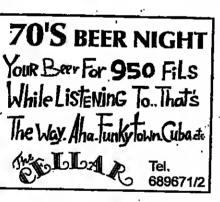
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AK3 K KQ7542

Pass 2 Pass
Pass 4 NT Pass
Pass 5 NT Pass
Pass 6 NT Pass
Pass

Opening lead: Ten of & We've written before about the

differences between duplicate and

WEST EAST • Q9264 • J7 • Q92 • J275 • 9 • J1026 • 102275 • K22

SOUTH

The hidding:
North Easl South West

1 Pass 2 Pass

2 Pass 4 NT Pass

5 Pass 6 NT Pass

4 Pass Pass

Charical lead: Tan of \$\frac{1}{2}\$

EAST

GOREN BRIDGE

how you would play six no trump after the lead of the ten of clubs, ducked in dummy and by East. Note that, with no fit for partner or self-sustaining suit, South re-

sponded with a simple two dia-monds despite holding more than half the points in the deck. Wheo North could do no more than rebid

hearts, South launched into Black-wood and settled for the small slam

in no trump.

There are 12 tricks off the top if

diamonds break 3-2, if hearts are 3-3

or the jack of hearts falls doubleton or, on the lead, if the long hearts and long diamonds are not held by the same defender. That makes declarer

an overwhelming favorite to make the slam and, after the club lead, an

WITH OMAR SHARIF & TANNAH HIRSCH

DIFFERENT GAME, DIFFERENT STRATEGY



Nigeriam Sunday Olisch (right) of Reggiana Dennis Bergkamp during their Italian Serie A evades a tackle by Inter Milan's Dutch star match. Inter beat Reggiana 1-0 (AFP photo)

Martinez wins first title of '95

6-1, 6-2 victory over Natasha

Zvereva in the semis came

before the match with

"It was important that I

came back from nearly los-

ing," Martinez said. "That

doesn't happen too often."

The first set against

Maleeva took 24 minutes.

Martinez's only bohhle came

during the third game when

she made four straight errors and lost her serve at love.

Martinez dropped six

Maleeva.

HILTON HEAD ISLAND, South Carolina (AP) — Con-chita Martinez wrapped up her first title of the year in efficient and effective fashion, whipping Magdalena Maleeva 6-1, 6-1 on Sunday to win her second straight Family Circle Cup.

Martinez, who at times played ragged tennis, was rarely challenged by Maleeva, who lost each of her seven service games. "I was a little bit surprised

at the speed of the match." said Martinez, who won in 5g minutes. "I expected a hit of a tougher match."

Things haven't been tough for Martinez, No. 4 in the world, for most of the tournament. She lost only one set in five matches and took 36 of her final 41 games. Aside from her quarterfinals match win Iva Majoli, Martinez

duplicate, therefore, we would

cash the king of hearts at trick two, cross to the are of diamonds then try to run a red suit. As the cards lie,

when declarer concedes a diamond

East is able to cash the jack of hearts for the setting trick.

Tel.: 699238

putaway. Maleeva, who moved up to ninth in the world with her showing, changed tactics at the start of the second set, never was in danger of losing. Against Majoli, Martinez coming to the net more often to pressure Martinez. She broke the Spaniard's serve to next game to seven dueces

before succumbing,
"I thought, 'now, I have a
chance.' But she didn't give trailed a set and 3-0 in the second before winning the next 12 games. A dominating

me many chances," said Maleeva, who has reached the finals in four of her past six tournaments.

Martinez regained control almost immediately, winning 12 straight points to go up 5-1. Three Malecva errors, the last a long service return, finished the match.

"I was playing a little too passive and she took advantage," said Martinez, who finished with 36 unforced errors to Maleeva's 11.

points in the last four games. clinching the set when she came in behind a 160 kph (99 dowed hy countrywoman and No. 1-ranked Arantxa Sanchez Vicario, has had to work mph) serve for a forehand through much since winning Wimbledon last July. Her only tournament win between then and here was at Stratton Mountain, Vermont, two weeks later. Critics have labelled her onedimensional and called her a tie it at 1-all and took the player who flounders at critical junctures.

299,44 Pts. 298,82

223,05

189,12

174,97

147,92

137,57

115,17

104,41

103,43

94,70 88,42 80,53 77,64

71,42

68,36

67,13

62,02

WTA tennis rankings 1. Arantxa Sanchez (Spa): Steffi Graf (Ger) 3. Mary Pierce (Fra)

4. Conchita Martinez (Spa) Jana Novotna (Cze) 6. Lindsay Davenport (USA) 7. Gabriela Sabatini (Arg) 8. Kimiko Date (Jpn) 9. Magdalena Maleeva (Bul) 10. Natalia Zvereva (Blr) 11. Anke Huber (Ger) 12. Mary-Joe Fernandez (USA) 13. Iva Majoli (Cro) 14. Naoko Sawamatsu (Jpn)

The expert rubber hridge player has no difficulty with the hand. After cashing the king of hearts, declarer simply leads a low diamond from hand and ducks in dummy! Declarer wins the club return (as a road as any expect to the conf good as anyl, crosses to the ace of diamonds to cash the ace and queen of hearts, then returns to hand to 15. Brenda Schultz (Ned) 16. Amy Frazier (USA) 17. Lori McNeil (USA) run the diamonds. In all, declarer makes two spades, three hearts, five 18. Julie Halard (Fra) 19. Amanda Coetzer (S. Africa) hamonds and two clubs—exactly 20. Judith Wiesner (Aus).

The Spaniard, oversha-

carry us if we have to." San Antonio, which has

"We've got to figure out a

way to stop Sean Elliott." said Barkley. "He made all the plays the last time (a 105-100 San Antonio win) and he made them all today."

New York Knicks tera 94-85 comehack victory over the Nets despite playing the second half without Patrick

New York outscored the Nets 25-11 in the fourth quarter. Davis finished with 17

Juventus clash with **Borussia Dortmund today**

PARIS (AFP) - Borussia Dortmund's Latin feet and influx of Italian league players have assured the club's place among Europe's elite, according to the club's former star Hans Tilkowsly.

Tilkowsky, who kept goal in Dortmund's 1966 European Cup Winners' Cup winning side, predicted a fruitful future for the club, who travel to Juventus in the UEFA Cup semi-final first leg on Tuesday.

Bayer Leverkusen face Parma in the other UEFA Cup clash, making the competition a Germany/Italy battle for European supremacy.

Dortmund meanwhile must forget their 6-1 thrashing on aggregate in the UEFA Cup final two years against the

But former Italian league players. Andreas Moller, Matthias Sammer, Stefan Reuter and Karlheinz Riedle

now combine for a more formidable adversary. now combine for a more formidable adversary.

No club is clearly dominating Europe, said Tilkowskoy, who kept goal for West Germany in the 4-2 loss to England in the World Cup final, adding: "I think Dortmund can play a top role in international terms."

The "Latin feel" of the club was also significant. He added: "If you go to a match at the Westfalonstadion these days, the atmosphere is so bot that you can income.

days, the atmosphere is so hot that you can imagine yourself to be in southern Europe."

However Dortmund have lost their key striker from Switzerland Stephane Chapuisat through injury for the rest of the season.

The 25-year-old face surgery after tearing knee ligaments training with Borussia Dortmund on March 16, just two days after scoring one goal and creating another in their 2-0 quarter-final, second leg win over Lazio.

Dortmund's Matthias Sammer pulled out of Germany's

March 29 win over Georgia with an Achilles teudon injury. German coach Berti Vogts quasified rumours Sammer was rerally saving himself for European action. "He's an extremely scrupulous and professional player," Vogts said. "He has tried to train, but he's really

Juventus, angry at the lack of spectators turning out to

watch them, are to play the home-leg in Milan.

The Italian first division leaders are failing to pull-in the crowds to their Delle Alpi stadium. Only 20,000 turned out to watch them beat Eintracht Frankfurt in the quarterfinals in the stadium that holds 71,000.

By switching to AC Milan's San Siro stadium which holds 85,000, the club hopes that tens of thousands of their supporters in the Milan area will turn out to support them. Meanwhile Bayer Leverkusen, the 1988 UEFA Cup winners, gave an interesting yardstick of title chancs should they meet Dortmund in the final. On March 18, Leverkusen handed out a 3-0 thrashing to

the German league leaders — Dortmund's second loss in two weeks after heing unbeaten for six months. Meanwhile, Parma's Faustino Asprilla is available for

selection after his suspension in the quarter-final, second leg against Denmark's Odense. UEFA Cup semi-finals, first leg

Juventus, Italyn v Borussia Dortmund, Germany Bayer Leverkusen, Germany v Parma, Italy.

Magic miss Hardaway in 119-112 defeat to Lakers

SAN'ANTONIO (R) — The Spurs are getting along with-ont Dennis just fine, the Knicks won without Patrick, but the Magic missed Anfernee on Sunday.

Ceron

makes

history

London

marathon

LONDON (AFP) — Mex-

ican Dionicio Ceron won a

dramatic head-to-head with

Australian Steve Moneghetti

here on Sunday to retain his

London marathon title —

and become the first man to

30secs, ahead of the Com-

monwealth champion after

the two fought out a sprint

The 29-year-old winner's

time was the second fastest

for the event. The record is

held by Welshman Steve

Jones, who ran 2:08.16 in

The winning duo had run

side by side to whittle down a

hig lead established by Por-

tugal's Antonio Pinto, the

Ceron, 29, was delighted

with his performance, saying:

"I wasn't too worried when

Antonio Pinto was ahead be-

cause I had confidence in myself and felt very strong over the last four miles.

fast and it was too windy for

Pinto conceded he thought

the race was his after he had

hroken way hut said he was confused by the markers. "I had trouble knowing

where I was because all the

markers were in miles and

I'm used to kilometres," he

"I thought I was going to win. But I had to run against

the wind for the last few

kilometres and that did me

help each other and when

they went past me I was too

tired to stick with them," he

"Steve Moneghetti and Dionicio Pinto were able to

him to do it all on his own,"

added the 29-year-old.

"I think the pace was too

champion in 1992.

Ceron won in 2hr 08min

win the race twice.

over the final 200m.

1985.

In San Antonio, Sean Elliott scored 30 points and David Robinson had 23 points and 14 rebounds as the streaking Spurs won their 11th straight game, overcoming a season-high 45 points from Charles Barkley to beat

the Phoenix Suns 109-106. The Spurs, who haven't lost since March 12, improved to 8-0 since rebounder par excellence Dennis Rodman went down with a

separated shoulder.
"I think they thought they could beat us without Dennis Rodman hut everyone picked it up and played on emo-tion," said Elliott. "But emotion is what you need in the playoffs so we'll let emotion

the best record in the NBA at 52-18, has won seven straight home games and is 25-2 at the Alamodome since December

Phoenix lost for the fourth

and he made them all today." At 'New Jersey, John Starks scored 26 points and teamed with backcourt mate Hubert Davis to lead the

Ewing. Ewing was ejected along with New Jersey's Rick Mahorn for a scuffle with 1:06 left in the first balf.

points, 15 of them in the second haif.

At Los Angeles, Eddie

Jones scored 11 of his 17 lead the Charlotte Hornets to points in the fourth quarter as a 105-92 victory over the the Lakers handed the Orlan- Heat. do Magic - playing without star point guard Anfernee Hardaway — a 119-112 defeat, and clinched a playoff

hirth. Cedric Cehallos had 33 points and Sedale Threatt

contributed 19 for Los Angeles. Shaquille O'Neal scored 27

points, pulled down 12 re-bounds, and dished out six assists for Orlando (53-19) and Brooks Thompson had a career-best 20 points filling in for Hardaway.

The loss was the fourth in five games for the Heat, who slipped 11/2 games behind Boston in the battle for the eighth and final playoff spot

in the Eastern Conference. Glen Rice led Miami with 30 points.

In Boston, Sherman Doug-las bad 27 points and 10 assists as the Celtics held off a late rally to defeat the Dallas Mavericks 94-87.

Jamal Masbhurn led Dallas with 30 points. In Cleveland, Dikembe

NBA ROUNDUP

Hardaway missed the game after feeling lightheaded during the shootaround and was taken to a hospital. Hardaway has been huthered by a sore throat and strep throat for the past two weeks and has lost 10 pounds (5 kg) over the last 10 days.
In Seattle, Shawn Kemp scored 13 of his 21 points in

the first quarter and the Su-personics cruised to their seventh straight win, 105-83 over the Atlanta Hawks. Gary Payton added 21

points added 21 points for the Sonics (51-20), who moved into first place in the Pacific Division, a half-game ahead of Phoenix. The Hawks have dropped

five of their last seven games. In Miami, Alonzo Mourning and Hersey Hawkins

Tel.: 675571

scored 22 points apiece to Mutombo had a triple-double with 1g points, 1g rebounds and 10 hlocks, and Jalen Rose's foul-line jumper with 50.8 seconds left lifted the Denver Nuggets to their third straight win, 104-101 over the Cavaliers.

Mahmoud Ahdul-Rauf scored 32 points and Reggie Williams added 27 and 10 rebounds for Denver.

Mark Price, who missed two 3-point attempts in the last seconds, scored 21 for Cleveland, which is now tied? with Chicago in the fifth play-off spot in the Eastern Con-

Denver moved a half-game, ahead of Sacramento into the eighth spot in the Western Conference.

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Cinema Tel.: 677420 CONCORD CONCORD '1' Comedian star: Adel Imam -

Bakhit & Andadileh Shows: 12:30, 3:15, 6:00, a:30, 11:00 CONCORD '2' Jean-Claude Van Damm STREET FIGHTER

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is back in business

CHICAGO (AP) — Baseban players and owners ended their fight with a truce rather neace.

than a peace.

After 234 days, more than \$800 million in losses, no settlement, the longest and costliest work stoppage in the history of professional sports finally ended Sunday night.

Owners accepted the union's offer to play without an agreement. The season, which had been scheduled to start Sunday night, will begin April 26 and each team will play 144 games, 18 fewer than the usual. Replacement players were sent packing.

"I don't regard it as a surrender," acting commissioner Bud Selig said following a 4½ hour owners meeting. "The players were on strike, they made an unconditional offer to come back, and we accepted that offer."

Players didn't make a nostrike pledge and owners didn't make a noimplementation agreement. The union could walk out again late this season if owners again threaten to impose a salary cap.

"Anyone who has gone through this eight-month experience will let it serve as a poignant reminder that we have a responsibility to make sure it will never happen again, certainly in our life-time," Selig said. Far more difficult than get-

ting players back on the field may be the job baseball faces of restoring the country's faith in the game.

Though it has faced seven previous work stoppages, this time baseball returns battered and berated by fans who grew weary of what President Clinton described as "just a few hundred folks trying to figure out how to divide nearly \$2 billion."

Demonstration

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Name Officers

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ille is closed ays & Sunday.

Players may report voluntarily starting Wednesday to training camps in Florida and ·Arizona, although some were expected to start trickling in Monday. The mandatory re-

porting date is Friday.

Until a week ago, there bad been speculation owners. y might lock out players if the union ended the strike with. out a deal. But the prolockout faction, after determining it could not obtain the necessary 21 votes from among the 28 teams, did noteven call for a vote.

The strike wiped out the



A groundskeeper waters the grass of an empty postponed Major League baseball season'a Joe Robbie Stadium, April 2, the venue for the opening game (AFP photo)

of the 1994 season and forced the cancellation of the World Series for the first time since 1904. It also wiped out the first 252 games of this season. raising the total of games lost

"I think it's a first step." union head Donald Fehr said. "Hopefully it's a big step in setting a better mood. One thing that could make me a lot more pleased, of course, is concluding a new long-term agreement.

The sides still must work toward a deal to replace the collective bargaining agreement that expired on Dec. 31, 1993. Players who walked out last Aug. 12 ended the strike Friday — the 232nd day — after U.S. District

Judge Sonia Sotomayor issued an injunction forcing owners to continue the work rules of the expired agree-

Clinton, who failed two months ago in a personal effort to end the strike, said: "Today's decision is good news for the game of baseball, its fans and the local economies of the cities where baseball is played. "While I am beartened to

know this season will start with major league players, there are a number of underlying issues which still need to

get resolved." Baseball's eighth work stoppage since 1972 was caused by the owners' demand for a salary cap. Both

sides expected to finalize the back-to-work agreement on today. Exhibition games will begin on April 13, and teams may carry expanded rosters of 28 players — three more than the usual limit through May 15.

All but forgotten in the rush to return were the replacement players. On Saturday, a day after Sotomayor's decision, management's labour lawyers told teams to release the replacements by the end of the day.

Oil Can Boyd, who boped replacement ball would launch bis comeback, was immediately released by the Chicago White Sox.
"I feel like I was used," the

SPORTS IN BRIEF

pitcher said.

Sanchez faces 6 weeks out

HILTON HEAD, South Carolina (AFP) - World number one tennis star Arantxa Sanchez could face up to six weeks out through injury, the Women's Tennis Association (WTA) revealed here on Monday. Sports and medicine section director Kathleen Stroia said the Spaniard had suffered a stress fracture and a bad muscle sprain in her right ankle. Sanchez injured berslef last Thursday here while playing against South African Amanda Coetzer. She went on to win the match to keep her world ranking but then abandoned the tournament. The injury could mean them abandoned the tournament. her missing the Federation Cup, beginning on April 17.
Sanchez said: "It depends on bow fast I recover, but at the moment I've only withdrawn from Amelia Island."

Romario goal causes furore

RIO DE JANEIRO (R) — Police stepped in to protect a linesman from protesting players after striker Romario scored a highly controversial goal in the Rio de Janeiro championship on Sunday. Romario received the ball in what appeared to be an offside position and then rounded the goalkeeper to put Flamengo 2-1 ahead in the 76th minute of their game against America. America players were incensed when linesman Guilherme Fernandes kept his flag down and immediately began rushing and jostling his flag down and immediately began pushing and jostling the official. The club coach and directors joined in the protests and police bad to intervene to protect Fernandes.

Cantona prepares for community service

MANCHESTER (R) — Manchester United's French striker Eric Cantona will this week meet probation officers to discuss his sentence of 120 bours of community service imposed for assaulting a spectator at a match. Appeal judge Ian Davies on Friday overturned a two-week jail sentence on Cantona for bis "kung-fu" leap into the crowd at United's Premier League game against Crystal Palace on January 25 and instead ordered him to serve 120 hours community service. The judge said Cantona must use his dazzling talents to help others improve their skills, a prospect which set many young fans' pulses racing.

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Davis Cup

The big four 'play it again'

PARIS (AFP) — The 'big four' made it safely through to the semi-finals of the Davis Cup for the second year running this weekend - Germany and Russia recovering from first day doubts to slam the door on the Netherlands and South Africa, and the United States and Sweden completing overwhelming 5-0 victories over Austria and

The United States, who had already taken an unbeatable 3-0 lead after winning Saturday's doubles in Palermo, did not let up on Sunday although Andre Agassi, who bas been suffering from mild lumbago, opted out of bis dead rubber.

Jared Palmer was drafted in as a replacement and the

doubles player completed an efficient 6-4, 6-3 win over Renzo Furlan with an ace.

Earlier world number-one Pete Sampras scored a 6-3,

1-6, 6-3 victory over Andrea Gaudenzi. But with nothing to play for, the final day's matches were inevitably an anti-climax and the American players and their captain Tom Gullikson later called for a change in the rules to end the playing of dead rubbers.

"Playing on Sunday was not Pete's favourite thing to do," admitted Gullikson after the match: "But we all knew the rules and he decided to play. Andre had a legitimate

"It is absurd to have dead ruhbers," said Sampras after his win. "Rules are rules and I felt I should play but I just bope the rules are changed.

"In the NRA finals and the World Series, fans pay for the whole series but sometimes there is not is seventh game. This is the only sport run like this." Earlier American team doctor George Fareed treated

world number-two Agassi for a bad back. "I would have been worried if he had played today," said

"He could have been injured. He is moderately immobile with lumbago caused hy playing in the wet and beavy conditions on Friday when he beat Gaudenzi in straight-sets.

"Any other player would have defaulted - but Andre Agassi later confirmed that he was travelling back to the United States on Concorde, whereas Sampras said he plans to stay in Europe to adopt to the clay.

Sampras is due to play in Barcelona, the Monte Carlo Open and the Italian Open before making his sixth attempt to win the only major title he has never won at the French Open at Roland Garros.

Champions Sweden, who will travel to the United States for the September 22-24 show down for a place in the final, also chalked up a 5-0 win against frustrated Austria in Vaxjo — winning both of the final singles without droping a

Former world number-one Stefan Edherg beat Thomas Muster 6-4, 6-2 while Magnus Larsson scored a 7-6, (7/4), 6-4 win over Gilbert Schaller.

It was the 47th-ranked Schaller's first match in the tie. He was unable to play on Friday after being taken ill with

Boris Bocker, who crashed to a shock defeat against Paul Haarhuis in Utrecht on Friday, made no mistakes Sunday against Dutch number-one Richard Krajicek. The three times Wimbledon champion scored a 6-3, 6-4, 3-6, 6-1 win

— his 35th win in 38 Davis Cup singles.

Compatriot Michael Stich completed the tie by defeating

Haarhuis 6-3, 4-6, 6-4 in the final reduced singles for an overall 4-1 match scores.

Germany, the 1993 champions, now play Russia away in

Last year's finalists, who had been level-pegging 1-1 after the first day's play against South Africa in Moscow and who won Saturday's doubles, also went through by a 4-1

Big-serving Yevgeny Kafelnikov delighted the Russian crowd by beating Wayne Ferreira 6-4, 7-5, 6-1. His win made the final singles a formality and Alexander Volkov romped to a 6-1, 6-1 win over Marcos Ondruska.

The United States and Germany will be looking to avenge their shock 1994 defeats in the next round. Last year underdogs Russia scored a 4-1 win over Germany while Sweden beat favourites the United States

disqualification

DOHA (AP) — The world football federation Monday threatened to disqualify Nigeria from the youth championship if the team failed to confirm its participation by Leeds side.

the end of the day.
Nigeria is angered that the governing body moved the World Youth Championship here after health and security concerns related to the country's ability to stage the April 13-28 tournament for players under 20.

Nigeria faces

Over the weekend Nigeria tried but failed, to organise an African boycott,

"If we have no confirmation by the end of today, we will hring Qatar into the competition instead of Nigeria," said Walter Gagg of the world federation, known as

Nigeria attempted to persuade Burundi and Cameroon, Africa's other two qualifiers, to stay away at a weekend meeting of the Afri-can Football Confideration

(CAF) in Cairo, Egypt.
Although the African Federation was "very disappointed" with the decision to move the tournament, they turned a thumb down on the boycott, Gagg said.

United's title hopes dashed by Leeds opened up the clearest.

LONDON (AFP) - Manchester United's hopes of landing a third consecutive. title suffered a huge sethack at Old Trafford on Sunday when they were held to a goalless draw by a confident

Manager Alex Ferguson admitted before the game his side had to take full advantage of their four remaining home matches if they were to hold out any chance of over-hauling Blackburn's six-point lead.

But United, badly missing the creative influence of banned Frenchman Eric Cantona, could not breakdown solid defence well-marshalled by Carlton Palmer and Andy

Throughout the 90 minutes the capacity Old Trafford crowd chanted tributes to their French hero, who starts 120 hours of community service later this week after his two-week jail sentence for assaulting a spectator was quashed on Friday.

United stepped up the pressure after the interval and came close to scoring on a number of occasions but as the reigning champions threw themselves into attack, Leeds repeatedly hit them on the. counter-attack and, with bet-

ter finishing, could well have claimed all three points. chance of the match. In the day's other Pre-miership match, England dis-

United have picked up just five points from their last four games and Alex Ferguson's men, also without the suspended Steve Bruce and Lee Sharpe, were lacking real inspiration.

On the stroke of half-time Leeds could have gone bead when Peter Schmeichel failed to hol Rod Wallace's leftfooter and Ferguson's side had two more escapes at the start of the second period.

the Dell. Alan Ball's side climbed three places with this second game of wavering fortunes that went some way to erasing the memory of the 6-2

card Matthew Le Tissier

scored his first Premiership

goals for two months to belp Southampton to a thrilling 4-3 win over Tottenham at

BRITISH SOCCER

First Deane guided a free Schmeichel smashed a clearance at Palmer, the ball bouncing back over the Dane but then spinning into his hands as he scrambled towards the line.

At the other end, David Wetherall blocked a shot from Andy Cole, who then headed over from a Mark Hughes cross as United be-

gan to see their triple title dream dying. Brian McClair dragged wide from 14 yards after Col-

e's blistering pace bad

rout they received from Spurs beader wide and then in FA Cup fifth-round last

> It was Le Tissier's 12thminute corner which led to the opening goal, Neil Heaney beading in from close range.

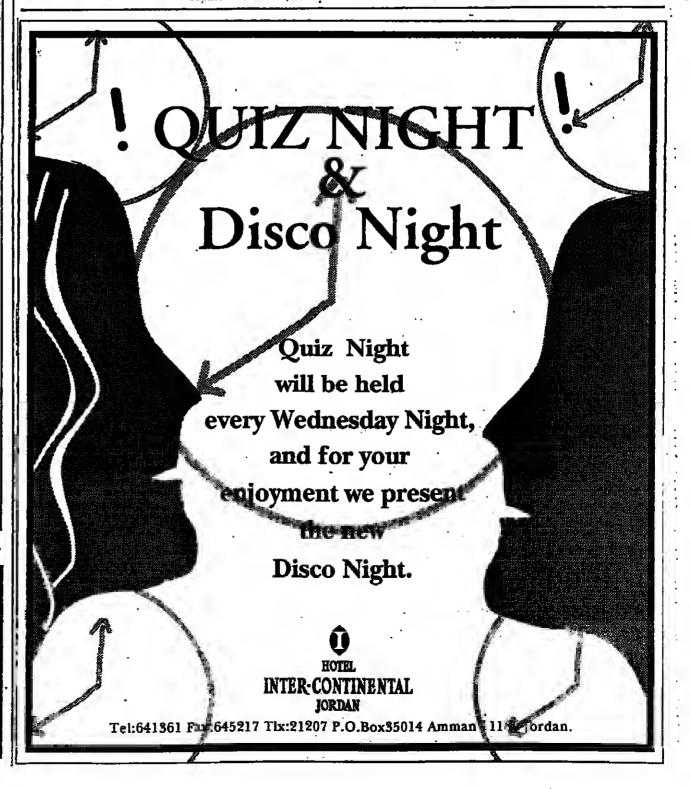
England striker Teddy Sheringham capitalised on a Bruce Grobbelaar blunder four minutes later to score his 19th of the season before Jurgen Klimsmann gave Spurs the lead to take his season's tally to 25.



Soccer star charged with match-rigging: Singapore football star Abbas Saad (shows at right in above photo) was charged with plotting to fix matches on Monday. He was the fifth person hauled to court for soccer corruption in recent hs. Abbas, a Lebanese-born Australian, pleaded not guilty and was released on bail of 100,000 dollars (\$66,667) until April 17. The 27-year-old was accused of plotting with a Czech professional Michael Vana, who has since fled to Pragne, a bookie and others to fix matches in Malaysia's national league last year. Abbas allegedly agreed in March to help Vana Rig matches after being told that he would be paid 15,000 dollars to 20,000 dollars per match. Four months later, Abbas allegedly asked Vana for 45,000 dollars, which the Czech had received from local bookie Rajendran Kurusamy, the court was told. The money was seized from Vana by the Corrupt Practice's Investig Bureau, which arrested Abbas on Saturday. Vana fled in AN THEATEL September while on bail awaiting trial for allegedly accepting 375,000 dollars to influence the outcome of matches. The court case involving Abbas, who faces a maximum jail term political satife. of six months, came a week after a former Singapore AM YA SALA national Kunjuraman Kannan and the president of a local football club, Ong Kheng Hock, were found guilty of corruption. Singapore was recently criticised by Malaysia, where 150 footballers and coaches have been arrested for alleged match rigging, for not doing enough to stem soccer corruption. The criticism led to Singapore withdrawing earlier this year from the Kuala Lumpur-run league.

Meanwhile, dozens of journalists and other people ran on to the pitch, causing play to be held for 10 minutes while the field was cleared.

them with unleaded gasoline.



Mubarak meets U.S. legislators

WASHINGTON (Agencies)

— Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak, seeking continued U.S. aid in the face of a budget-cutting Congress, met with senators Monday as he began three days of meetings that will be capped with a call on President Bill Clinton.

Mr. Muharak wants to keep American economic and military aid at the current \$2. billion yearly level. Despite congressional budgetcutting, he apparently stands a good chance as Egypt is widely viewed as a strong Arab voice for peace between Israel and its Arah neighbours.

Despite a 1979 peace treaty, though, Egypt's relations with Israel were chilled early in the year. Egypt threatened to try to block extension of a treaty to block the spread of nuclear weapons unless Israel submitted to international inspection.

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Mr. Mubarak backed off last month after talks in Cairo with secretary of state Warren Christopher. But during his visit, he is expected to request a formal structure for negotiations to establish a nuclear-free zone in the Mid-

Israel has neither confirmed nor denied it has a nuclear arsenal. The Clinton administration is sympathetic to Israel's position and is confident it can get the nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty extended in May even if a dozen Arab countries withhold their support.

Still, Mr. Christopher said in Cairo that adherence to the 25-year-old treaty should be universal.

Foreign Minister Amr Mnsa, indicating a willingness to compromise, said last month the aim is to establish a framework with Israel to discuss the issue.

Among members Congress calling on Mr. Muharak at Blair House, the presidential guest house across Pennsylvania Avenue from the White House, were Senators Mitch McConnell, chairman of the Senate appropriations subcommittee on Foreign Operations, and Hank Brown

and Diane Feinstein. Back home, Mr. Mubarak's government is trying to suppress a surge of Muslim fundamentalism that threatens peace with Israel as well as his attempts to modernise his country.

Mr. Muharak's talks here culminat: Wednesday with President Bill Clinton, after talks with Secretary of State Mr. Christopher, Treasury and Commerce secretaries Rohert Ruhin and Ron Brown and Deputy Defence

Secretary John Deutch.
The talks "reaffirm the strength of our bilateral ties, the strength of our joint efforts towards the new Middle East that we both have worked so much to estab-

lish," said a U.S. official. Officials stressed the common ground between the two sides ahead of the talks early Monday, but it would clear the NPT was to be one of the more difficult issues to hand-

Playing down the differences, a ranking U.S. official who spoke of the condition of anonymity insisted that Cairo and Washington agreed on the essential objectives of the

"We believe that a comprehensive peace in the region is the best step that can be taken towards that goal of fighting proliferation, of fighting forces of extremism," said the official.

There is no crisis in U.S. Egyptian relations," the official said. "They really rest on shared, mutual objectives of peace in the region, development, moderation and stabil-

Egyptian medical union rejects training charges

CAIRO (AP) - A professional union dominated by the moderate Muslim Brotherhood denied Monday government accusations that it is training militants in Bosnia and Croatia and revealed that a fifth person had been detained in the case.

Only three of the five men were affiliated with the doctors' syndicate, which claims 120,000 members, said Hamdi Al Saved, the union head. He denied the three were

guilty of wrongdoing.
The arrests last week and Sunday were seen as a new strike by the government on the banned but tolerated Muslim Brotherhood. The Brotherhood holds a majority in more than half of Egypt's 22 powerful professional syndicates, and has participated in parliamentaryelections in coalition with

other parties. The crackdown is pparently aimed at discrediting the Brotherhood prior to parliamentary elections later this year.

In January, the govern-ment arrested 28 Brotherhood members, accusing them of supporting Muslim insurgents in the south. The · latest charges say the men were using the doctors' union hy Brotherhood members to "terrorist" training camps in countries including Bosnia and Croatia.

The Brotherhood has denied the arrested men are members.

Mr. Sayed said the union's humanitarian relief committee was created 10 years ago and has been active inside Egypt and in Bosnia, Croatia, Somalia, Yemen and other countries.

"It offers humanitarian and medical relief inside and outside of Egypt, and it is not a military or political orga-nisation," Mr. Sayed told a news conference.

Guerrillas attack militia in S. Lebano I rael rejects Russian

MARJAYOUN (Agencies)
— Guerrillas Monday launched a rocket and gun attack on a position of the Israeli proxy militia the South Lehanon Army (SLA) in the "security zone" in southern Lebanon, an SLA official

Anti-tank rockets and automatic gunfire targetted the position at Al Thohra overlooking the village of Kfar Remman in the centre of the horder zone occupied by Israel, but caused no

The militiamen fired back using tank shells "inflicting heavy losses," the SLA official said.

It was was the first attack in southern Lebanon since a flare-up of violence on Friday in which a Hizbollah leader was killed in an Israeli heliconter attack in Lebanon and an Israeli died in a rocket

ATHENS (AFP) - Iraq on

Monday roundly rejected a

weekend press report that

one of its nuclear experts had

disappeared while in Greece

as Greek security officials

said they were investigating

Iraq's amhassador to

Athens, Issam Saud Khalil,

said the report in the British

Sunday Times newspaper of the disappearance of Khidir

Abdul Ahbas Hamza was

categorically deny even the existence of the so-called

news," he told a press confer-

The Sunday Times re-

ported that Hamza used to

work in an Iraqi nuclear ener-

gy centre and had dis-appeared on Feb. 27 in the

Glyfada region, a southern

suburh of the Greek capital,

when he was trying to hand over secrets on Iraq's nuclear

Casting doubt on the story,

Mr. Khalil suggested that

"the best way to know (if it

was true) is to question the

Greek authorities whether

they gave to such a person a

er Sbeikh Ali Al S

will form a team to work with

parliament on human rights

complaints from Knwaitis

and foreigners, the legisla-

ture's human rights commit-

Lawmakers praised the

step as a sign of much-needed

cooperation by the govern-

ment. which rarely admits

human rights abuses. But hu-

man rights help activists were

sceptical about how much the

ministry unit would help im-

prove human rights in the

"The committee values this

tee said Monday.

weapons programme,

"There is no such thing. I

"fabricated and ludicrous."

the claims.

Iraq denies 'disappearance'

of nuclear expert in Greece

barrage on northern Israel. An Israeli soldier was killed along with two guerrillas in clashes the same day in southern Lebanon.

Israel condemned Friday's Katyusha rocket attack on Galilee, which also wounded nine Israelis, as a violation of a tacit deal struck with Syria m 1993 after a massive Israeli operation to prevent further Hizbollah strikes on its northern territory.

A deputy for the group said in remarks published on Monday Hizhollah's weekend Katyusha rocket barrage on northern Israel forced the Jewish state to stop shelling civilians in South Lehanon.

Hizbollah Member of Par-liament Mohammad Ra'ad said on Sunday night that the dozens of rockets fired by the militants which killed a 17-

Asked if he knew whether

person hy the name of

Hamza had ever worked for

the Iraqi nuclear energy ser-vice," Mr. Khalil said he did

The amhassador instead

suggested the story had been

concocted by Western secur-

ity services to make it more

difficult for the U.N. Security

Council to lift its embargo on

Iraq, imposed after Iraq's in-

vasion of Kuwait in August

give news that is to the detri-

ment of the atmosphere of

lifting the embargo," the

accordance with the U.N. re-

the amhassador, who was

speaking in English, said, he

called for a lifting of the U.N.

embargo which he said was

responsible for the "geno-

Police in Athens said Mon-

cide" of the Iraqi people.

day the Greek authorities

had not been aware of the

alleged affair until the Sun-

day Times article appeared, but that they EYP, Greece's

secret services, had been in-

Members of the ministry

team will be named soon and

will meet with deputies reg-

ularly to discuss complaints,

mainly about deportations

and ahuses of Asian workers,

Hundreds of housemaids

from the Philippines, Sri

Lanka and India have taken

refuge in their emhassies

claiming they were heaten,

tortured or raped by their

their employers do not pay

Many also complain that

officials said.

vestigating ever since.

Kuwaiti government pledges

cooperation on human rights

KUWAIT (AP) - Interior 50-member parliament's first

solutions its nuclear sector,"

"Iraq has destroyed in

amhassador said.

"From time to time, they

not know.

year-old Israeli and wounded 12 proved effective in stopping Israeli aggressions.

"This weapon has proved and will prove its usefulness and will forever end the saying that the Zionists are superior in their battle against our nation," Mr. Ra'ad said in a statement quoting a speech he made at a festival in the town of Gha-"ziyych.

Mr. Ra'ad said Hizbollah refrained from targetting northern Israeli settlements for the past five months but was forced to do so on Friday when Israeli gunners shelled civilian areas.

"The resistance was committed to a plan not to shell Israeli settlements hut this only prompted the enemy to continue aggressions against villages and civilians in South

Algerian opposition plans 2nd

dialogue PARIS (Agencies) - Algerian opposition groups are to meet soon in Europe in a second attempt to seek dialogue with the government to end three years of bloody civil strife, an exiled Algerian Islamist leader was quoted on

Monday as saying.

Anwar Haddam, president of the outlawed Islamic Salvation Front's (FIS) parliamentary delegation, said in an interview with the French daily Le Figaro that the talks would huild on a meeting hy the same groups in Rome in

January. "We'll meet again soon with the democrats in a Enro-pean capital," he said, with-

out specifying a date.
Algeria's military government turned down the proposal for dialogue on organising elections made by legal and hanned opposition parties at the Rome meeting.

Mr. Haddam, who represents the FIS in Washington, said the next meeting would aim to show the world that Islamists and other opposition groups agreed on the way to end Algeria's crisis. "We will launch a wide

campaign of information so that all hig powers know that all democrats and Islamists from a joint front to demand that the military return to the democratic process," he said.

Mr. Haddam, who last week attended an Arah and Islamist conference in Khartoum, said the FIS would again propose turning the country into an Islamic state. "The others will propose

what they want and the people will choose, he said. Mr. Haddam has said in other statements that the war hetween Muslim fundamentalists and Algeria's security forces would continue if the government re-fused dialogue. He has said

ped in to cancel January 1992 elections that the FIS was set

In Khartoum, Haddam told AFP that the FIS insisted that any discussions be based on proposals already put to the army-backed government by his party and the secular

opposition.
"We're still for a political settlement, in spite of the massacres, though we are becoming sceptical because of these atrocities," Mr. Haddam said, referring to the recent military campaign said in some reports to have claimed almost 3,000 lives.

Mr. Haddam was reacting to discussions President Liamine Zeroual has initiated with the former ruling National Liberation Front (FLN) and the Socialist Forces Front (FFS), led by Hocine Ait Ahmad.

Both parties were among eight signatories, including the FIS, to the so-called "national contract" - a platform for talks with the government — drawn up at the meeting in Rome in January.

The Rome platform does not rule out talks with the authorities, but we expect these negotiations to he based on the Rome resolutions, which address the main principles of a political solution," Mr. Haddam said.

Algerian forces meanwhile attacked a militant convoy transporting arms, apparently smuggled from Libya and Sudan, through the desert, an Algerian newspaper said on

appeal on nuclear treaty

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Foreign Minister Shimon Peres on Monday rejected an appeal by Russia to sign the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT), saying Israel would do so only after achieving peace with all Arah states and Iran.

Foreign Minister Andrei Kozyrev said during an hour-long meeting with Mr. Peres that Russia wanted to see a "universality" in which all nations signed the treaty hanning the spread of nuclear

weapons.
"That is why we are keen on Israel giving at least an indication for the future that it will sign," Mr. Kozyrev was quoted as telling Mr. Peres during an hour-long meeting.

According to foreign ministry spokesman Dany Shek, Mr. Peres replied that Israel was "interested in a nuclear free Middle East ... but this will only be relevant once there is peace with all Arah League members plus Iran.'

"Once we shall have universal peace, I do not see any problem in having universal-ity of the NPT," Mr. Peres told reporters.

Mr. Kozyrev told reporters he ha I made little headway in hringing Israel and Syria closer to peace during his visits this week to the region.

He said that while Israel, Syria and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) fat in Gaza.

were "very serious about the peace process, they still face

considerable difficulties." Mr. Kozyrev's three-day stay in Israel has been surrounded by reports of lastminute cancellations of

appointments with officials. Mr. Kozyrev said anything he did not show up for "was never scheduled, never agreed upon." He said he never intended to me. ! with city officials because that was the joh of the mayors of Moscow and St. Petershurg.

The Jewish state is fiercely opposed to Russia's proposed sale of nuclear reactors to Iran, which it charges could help Tehran develop nuclear

weapons.

Israel refuses to comment on foreign reports that it has 200 nuclear warheads.

The United States is calling for an indefinite extension of the treaty when it comes np for renewal at a U.N. conference on April 17, hut Egypt is leading an Arah campaign to force Israel to sign up.

Mr. Kozyrev and Mr. Peres meanwhile agreed to abolish diplomatic visas to make travel by their envoys easier, the foreign ministry said.

The Russian minister headed hack to Moscow at the end of his Middle East tour, which included talks in Cairo, Damascus, Beirut and with PLO leader Yasser Ara-

Sudan meeting falls short on action

KHARTOUM (Agencies) -An Islamic conference in the Sudanese capital has failed to take effective action because it was too loose a grouping of contradictory trends, delegates said Monday.

The conference gathered too many contradictory currents, Islamists and Arah nationalists — who detest each other — radicals and moderate," one delegate

said, asking not to be named.
"There is no joint programme and therefore no common ground for action," he told AFP.

The three-day conference, which ended Sunday, served "for us to meet and inform each other about the plight of Muslims in other countries,' Lehanese pro-Iranian Hiz-bollah official Hassan Ezze-

dine said. The forum, attended hy 300 participants from 80 countries and portrayed in the West as a meeting of Islamic hardliners, was the scene of radical speeches hut the final resolutions were re-

latively moderate. Delegates charged in private that Sudan's Muslim fundamentalist strong man Hassan Tourahi was using the conference, the third of its kind in Sudan since 1991, to portary himself as a pan-

Islamic leader. The conference's secretary

pared by Dr. Tourabi falling far short of the tenor of the speeches hammered home on

the rostrum, observers noted. Dr. Tourahi's text rejected peace and normalisation with Israel but made no mention of armed struggle against the Jewish state, as demanded by Palestinian groups such as the Islamic Resistance Move-

ment (Hamas) The armed struggle and rejection of the Israeli-Palestinian autonomy deal were added in the final statement only after strong protests.

Dr. Tourabi still managed to distance the conference from the fundamentalist movements involved in armed struggle. The statement called for mediation between militants and Algiers. between Moscow and rebel Muslims in Chechenya.

The need to set up an Islamic-Christian dialogue was also stressed.

"Some people think the dangers facing the world were all gathered in Khartoum. The participants did not meet to terrorise the world hut to reinforce Islam," Dr. Tourabi said at the end of the forum.

He declared that "Islam will win," to the cheers of hundreds of Sudanese including militiamen and women ned with assault rifles.

ier diplomats followenting said they ing were i. interested to actical links know. v mig... n forged tween militan wiging campaigns of violence across the Arah and Islamic world that

in the final resolution.
"Like all the conferences throughout the world, their activities are not confined to the conference. Most of the husiness takes place on the sidelines," Dr. Tourahi told reporters late on Sunday. Delegates included figures

from Hizbollah, Palestinian groups Hamas and Islamic Jihad, Algerian Islamists from Al Nahda and the Islamic Salvation Front (FIS) as well as Egypt's fundamentalist Muslim Brotherhood.

"We are worried about what sort of meetings might have been going on on the sidelines," one western dipio-

Also wandering the corridors of Khartoum's Friendship Hall, on the banks of the Blue Nile, were senior representatives from the hreakaway Russian republic of Chechenya, Bosnia, and Muslim groups from Africa, North America, Europe and

In the final resolution issued on Sunday, the conference rejected the accord for Palestinian self-rule, supported an armed struggle against Israel, called for the lifting of U.N. sanctions against Iraq and Lihya, and urged Muslim countries to implement Sharia (Islamic

conference will see that it is what sometimes people over there (in the west) call 'moderate'," Dr. Tonrabi said.

The conference, first held in 1991 in the aftermath of the Gulf war, also gave Sudan a chance to reach out to a global Muslim audience at a time when it faces growing international isolation over Western and Arah charges of sponsoring "terrorism.

"It's hard to see what they have achieved at this meeting apart from giving all these groups the chance to meet up, and to offer Sudan a platform on the international Islamic stage," one Western diplomat attending the final session said.

Most delegates were coy about the aims of their meetings on the sidelines of the Khartoum conference.

But for some, like U.S. group Nation of Islam, the meeting offered a chance to bridge the cultural, linguistic and geographical divide separating them from fellow

When he met Sheikh Naim Qassem of Hizboliah after a news conference in a Khartoum hotel, Nation of Islam representatives Akhar Mohammad found an interpreter to pass on his good

"Tell the sheikh we are the Hizbollah of America," a grining Mohammad, wearing jeans and trainers, asked the translator to tell a bemused Cassem in his flowing blue



Princess Grace's Irish cottage may become shrine

LONDON (AFP) — 1 family of the late Print

Grace of Monaco - the

modest ancestral home western Ireland mer American actress Gr western Ireland to lo groups who want to turn into a shrine to her memo a press report said Mond The secluded two-room c tage in the village of Drim to Princess Grace's gran father, John Bernard Kel who eked out a living for the land before emigrating America in the 1800s. Pr cess Grave visited the hou with her husband, Prin Rainier, and danghter Casline, in 1961. Fifteen yes later, six years before to death in a car crash, as bounght it for about £8,0 (\$12,000) intending, according ing to local residents, to tuit into a holiday bome. Tod the cottage, on the shores Lake Drumgoney, bears w ness to the ravages of tinand weather. Unoccupied is more than 20 years, it thatched roof is gone, and tifloors are carpeted in mos --But the stone nearth ar chimney still stand tall, and least some of the rough-hea oaken beams are sound. The Daily Telegraph said loca wrote to Prince Rainer to years ago asking that it: property be donated for memorial to the princes
They received a reply recen ly saying he would give "si-rious consideration" to th donation of the cottage "to :::: = -- : sympathetic developmen. proposal." Teresa Geraght; _ - : secretary to the local paris. priest, said the letter asked Kawar for a detailed proposal and. financial statement. Geragi ty, who met the princess dur ing her last visit to the towi in 1979, has fond memorie. of her. "I played the accordian for her in her hotel after dinner," she told the Tele-graph. "I remember her smil-ing and joining in some of the

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Doctors' group adopts ban on surrogate moms

Geraphty.

songs. She had her hair don in the local hairdressers an

went to mass in the parish

church. "She is held in ver-

high esteem here," said

FLORENCE, Italy (AP) -With parliament so far un able to come up with a law an association of Italian do tors adopted guidelines o artificial fertilisation, inclu ing a ban on surrogat mothers. The National Cour cil of the Federation of lu han Doctors, Surgeons an ... Orthodontists also decided a meeting here to ban artif cial fertilisation after the death of either the potenti: mother or father. A Row area medical board has bee studying the case of a Row. gynecologist who earlier th year announced the birth baby whose genetic moth had died in a car crash. The les to dcotor used an egg of the west to mother's which had be with spring frozen as part of an earlie unsuccessful in vitro fertilis tion attempt and the spenn the woman's husband. The resulting embryo was the implanted in the husband sister, who carried out t pregnancy. After a pul outcry, the board took up i case to see if sanctions 2 warranted. A decision pending. The National Fe eration has about 300,0 members. Its guidelines include a ban on artific fertilisation for homosex couples, and a stop to the impregnation of women of 50 who are in menopaus

Mafia leave goat's head on prosecutor's doorstep

PALERMO (R) — The S lian mafia, in a classic act ... intimidation, left a sever ... goat's head and a cross doorstep of a top anti-mail of Sunday, political ed prosecutor Sunday, Prosecutor Ermi in the of acclaim filmmaker Gianni Ame. found the package Sun when he opened the door. his heavily-guarded flat in 🔩 Sicilian capital Palen. Police said they were look into why none of the sold who provide round-the-C surveillance of Ameli ... building reported any su cious movements.

initiative taken by the ministhem for months. A domestic general tried in vain to overplanned presidential elec-tions could not take place ter," said Legislator Ahmad help makes about \$130 a come the rifts hetween Most demands seemed Al Nassar, rapporteur of the Shiites and Sunnis, and bemild compared to some vithefore opposition groups were brought into an interim tween fondamentalists and giolic speeches condemning the governments they are the West during the confer-**NEWS IN BRIEF** administration. fighting, they said. Violence in Algeria has This was reflected in the "Anyone who attended the claimed an estimated 30,000 conference carefully, anyone way the resolutions were lives since the military stepwho read the text from the announced, with a draft pre-

Launch of Israeli satellite being delayed

TEL AVIV (AP) — The failed launch of an Israeli communications satellite from Russia has stalled plans by Israel to send its own spy satellite into orbit, a newspaper said Monday. Israel apparently wants to avoid back-toback failure which could reflect badly on Israel's space programme. The Haaretz daily said no target date has been set for the launch of the spy satellite, Ofek 3, even though already three months ago media reports said launch preparations were being made. Technical complications and proximity to last week's failed launch of the Gurwin-1 communications satellite have delayed the Ofek launch, Haaretz said. The Gurwin-1 was huilt by Russian immigrants and Israeli scientists at Israel's Technion institute. The March 28 launch from a site 900 kilometres north of Moscow failed because of a malfunction of the booster

Lebanese paper fined for 'sectarianism'

BEIRUT (R) - A Lebanese court on Monday fined editors of a Christian opposition newspaper \$5,200 for running an article in 1993 that "evokes sectarian strife" in Lebanon. The publications court ruled that Nida'a Al Watan daily's story accusing Prime Minister Rafik Al Hariri, a Sunni Muslim hillionaire, of working to Islamise Lehanon hy purchaising land from Christians provokes sectarian feuds. The newspaper's responsible director and editor-in-chief at the time and two editing directors were fined a total of \$.5 million Lebanese pound (\$5,200) for the April 25, 1993, story. Lehanese law allows the editors and the prosecutor-general to appeal the sentence within in days from the ruling.

Egypt bans monkeys in anti-AIDS drive

CAIRO (AFP) — The authorities at Cairo airport have hanned passengers from hringing monkeys into Egypt as part of an anti-AIDS campaign, the daily Al Ahram newspaper said Monday. The new restrictions, which also cover animals accompanying transit passengers, were introduced after the authorities destroyed two AIDSinfected pet monkeys on a flight from New York on March

Egypt to hold inventory of treasures

CAIRO (AFP) - Egypt is to hold the first inventory of its ancient treasures for 50 years after the discovery of a smuggling gang stealing important antiquities, Culture Minister Farouq Hosni said Monday. The inquiry which is expected to take three months to complete, follows the discovery of a gang smuggling antiquities to Britain and several other attempts to spirit treasures out of the country in the last two months, officials said. Mr. Hosni, cited hy Egyptian newspapers on Monday, said: "A committee of experts has been set up to conduct an inventory of archaeological pieces held in the 114 stores in Egypt to determine the number of antiquities stolen and the responsibility of negligent officials who have allowed such thefts." Four Egyptians, including a former official responsible for ancient treasures in the Saqqara region, 12 kilometres south of Cairo, face charges after thieves taking goods in Britain were discovered. Last month Abdul Halim. Nureddin, secretary general of the country's antiquities authority, told AFP that Egypt was planning to toughen penalties for smuggling by making those found guilty serve a life sentence of forced labour.

Kidnapped Italians safe and sound

ROME (AFP) - Nine Italian tourists kidnapped on the border hetween Eritrea and Ethiopia are in good health and being held in Ethiopia's Lake Asale region, an Italian foreign ministry spokesman said Monday. Contact had been made hy elders of the Afar tribes in the area, who were able to see the tourists abducted two weeks ago and talk to the kidnappers, he added. "The nine tourists are on Ethiopian territory, in the region between Lakes Asale and Adfera," not far from the Eritrean border, he said, adding that they had been seen together and appeared to be well, Ethiopian aothorities organised the meeting with help from Afar elders living on both sides of the border. The spokesman said the kidnappers had not made any precise demands in exchange for the release of the tourists, but for stating that they wanted mediators of a "higher level" than they had met. Italy's ambassador to Italy, Maurizio Melani, last week said the tourists were kidnapped on March 24 or 25 as they were travelling in a caravan from the Eritrean town of Badda, some 10 kilometres from the border to Lake Asale, across the Dankils desert.